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# FINAL YEAR PROJECTS

BE, ME, B. TECH, M. TECH, MCA, BCA, B.SC, MBA

## **IEEE PROJECTS**

**ELECTRICAL PROJECTS 2025-26** 

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### IGEEKS TECHNOLOGIES

# Best project consultancy for electrical engineering students

**Igeeks Technologies** can offer complete project support and assistance to engineering students. With an extensive library of projects successfully completed by our electrical engineering professionals, we can inspire new ideas for electrical engineering projects for engineering students. If you are already in the middle of your project, but you are facing implementation problems, our professional can immediately step in and solve them for you. For electrical engineering students short on time and resources, our electrical engineers can design, build, successfully implement a project, and deliver it to you within a given time frame. If you still don't have an idea for your electrical engineering projects, you can check out our list of projects for electrical engineering students below for more ideas.

No electrical and electronic equipment is possible without the expertise of an electrical engineer. They design the power supply, implement the electrical and electronic components and make sure everything works as expected. There is hardly any branch of engineering that does not depend on electrical and electronic systems, and this makes an electrical engineer the most sought-after engineer in the world. With the right training, hands-on exposure and practice, every electrical engineering student becomes an electrical engineering professional with a promising career, and electrical engineering projects during graduation and post-graduation play a key role in making this possible.

#### **Projects for Electrical Engineering Students**

Being a highly technical subject with mathematical rigor, electrical engineering is one of those engineering fields where practical exposure is paramount for solid understanding. Choosing the right electrical engineering project that matches their area of interest can do wonders for their technical acumen and understanding of electrical engineering. However, just like theory, making a solid electrical project with practical application is challenging and naturally requires professional help. The difficulties begin with choosing the right wiring with sufficient practical range. Resource planning, design and successful execution is a long and arduous process that may not be possible without expert guidance from professional project consulting companies like Igeeks Technologies.

#### **ELECTRICAL PROJECT LIST 2025-2026**

Electrical Engineering Projects
Power Electronics Projects
Power System Projects
Renewable Energy Projects
Hardware Projects
Simulation Projects
B.Tech / M.Tech Projects
PhD Research Projects

	IEEE LATEST PROJECTS BASED ON ELECTRICALS AND ELECTRONICS (EEE)	
E001	494_AUTOMATIC POWER FACTOR CONTROL	
E002	471_ANDROID-GREENCHARGE MANAGING RENEWABLE ENERGY IN SMART BUILDINGS	
E003	485_ALTERNATE ENERGY FROM BUSY ROAD FOR DEVELOPMENT OF SMART CITY - THERMAL &	
	PIEZO	
E004	484_IOT - RESIDENCE ENERGY CONTROL SYSTEM BASED ON WIRELESS SMART SOCKET AND IOT	
E005	321_BIRD - SOLAR POWERED IRRIGATION WITH AUTO CONTROL OF PUMP & SMS ALERT	
E006	471_GREENCHARGE MANAGING RENEWABLE ENERGY IN SMART BUILDINGS	
E007	240_WIRELESS POWER THEFT, OVERVOLTAGE AND OVERLOAD MONITORING SYSTEM	
E008	479_WIRELESS POWER THEFT, OVERVOLTAGE AND OVERLOAD MONITORING SYSTEM AND GEYSER	
	AUTOMATION	
E009	466_GSM BASED CONTROL UNIT FOR A NOVEL RECONFIGURABLE MICRO GRID ARCHITECTURE	
	WITH RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES	
E010	ZERO LABOUR - WET WASTE CRUSHER	
E011	AN APPROACH BASED ON A ROBOTICS OPERATION SYSTEM FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF	
	INTEGRATED INTELLIGENT HOUSE SERVICES SYSTEM	
E012	STATE OF ART ON POSSIBILITY & OPTIMIZATION OF SOLAR PV-WIND HYBRID SYSTEM	
E013	499_ISLAND - GRID CONNECTED DC DISTRIBUTED GENERATION	
E014	228_IOT-HIVE HOME AUTOMATION SYSTEM FOR INTRUSION DETECTION	
E015	347_IOT BASED REFRIGERATOR, STORAGE ROOM AND FMCG PRODUCTS STOCK MONITORING	

	WITH EMAIL ALERT OF PURCHASE ORDER
E016	87_BLUETOOTH EMBEDDED ROBOTIC AGRICULTURE PLOWING, SEEDING AND GRASS CUTTING POWERED BY SOLAR ENERGY
E017	518_FARMER FRIENDLY SOLAR BASED VIRTUAL FENCING FOR RURAL AGRICULTURE WITH BATTERY REVERSE CHARGE PROTECTION
E018	479_IOT BASED SMART GEYSER AUTOMATION WRT ENVIRONMENT CONDITION TO SAVE ELECTRICITY
E019	356_ROTATING SOLAR SYSTEM FOR AUTOMOBILES WITH BOOST & CHARGE CONTROL
E020	427_ELECTRIC LINEMAN PROTECTION USING USER CHANGEABLE PASSWORD BASED CIRCUIT BREAKER
E021	429_SUBSTATION PHASE CONTROLLER FOR AUTOMATIC LOAD SHEDDING WITH OVERLOAD ALERT
E022	431_IOT BASED UNDERGROUND CABLE FAULT DETECTION
E023	431_UNDERGROUND CABLE FAULT DETECTION AND ALERT WITH VOICE COMMANDS USING FN-M16P.
E024	319_RENESAS BASED RENEWABLE ENERGY - 12V DC POWER GENERATION USING BACK EMF & SOLAR FOR LED LOAD
E025	315_SOLAR POWERED HOUSE AND TRANSMITTING THE EXTRA POWER TO THE GOVERNMENT MAINS
E026	55_SMART POWER GENERATION BY 2-AXIS CONTROLLED SOLAR PANEL AND POWER OPTIMIZATION
E027	482_ ECSHUB - AN OFF GRID BUNK
E028	169_TWO AXIS BASED SOLAR TRACKING FOR POWER CONSERVATION IN IRRIGATION SYSTEM
E029	445_AUTOMATIC TRANSFORMER LOAD SHARING SYSTEM WITH SMS ALTERING
E030	445_GSM BASED POWER SHARING OF TRANSFORMER WITH AUTOMATIC LOAD SHEDDING SYSTEM
E031	321_IOT BASED IRRIGATION SYSTEM WITH WITHOUT INTERNET AND PUMP SET CONTROL WITH STATUS NOTIFICATION
E032	333_IOT - WEB LABORATORY- REMOTE VIRTUAL LAB ACCESS WITH GRAPH GENERATION.
E033	503_RECOS - SMART SOCKET FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE, WASHING MACHINE, GEYSER ENERGY CONTROL
E034	504_SWACHH ABHIYAN - DOOR-TO-DOOR PICKUP OF HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE
E035	POWER TRANSMISSION LINE FAILURE DETECTION
E036	514_IEEE_EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENT OF PHOTOVOLTAIC PANELS BY DESIGN IMPROVEMENT OF COOLING SYSTEM USING WATER COOLER

EE	IEEE LATEST PROJECTS BASED ON ELECTRICALS AND ELECTRONICS (EEE)
IEE001	PREPAID ELECTRICITY BILLING AUTOMATION
IEE002	POST PAID ELECTRICITY SYSTEM AUTOMATION WITH CARD & CARD READER
IEE003	MANAGEMENT OF SUB-TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM IN POWER SYSTEM USING

	IOT	
IEE004	IMPLEMENTATION OF SOLAR POWER AUTOMATIC BATTERY CHARGING SYSTEM FOR ELECTRIC	
122001	VEHICLE USING IOT	
IEE005	SOLAR TRACKING AND H- DARRIUS WIND TURBINE	
IEE006	DATA ACQUISITION FOR ELECTRICAL VEHICLE POWER SYSTEM AUTOMATION USING IOT	
IEE007	DESIGN AND EXPERIMENTAL ANALYSIS OF PFC RECTIFIERS FOR DOMESTIC INDUCTION HEATING	
	APPLICATIONS	
IEE008	SOLAR BASED DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF PESTICIDE SPRAYER FOR USE IN AGRICULTURE	
	FIELDS USING IOT AND BLUE TOOTH TECHNOLOGY	
IEE009	ANALYSIS AND SIMULATION OF FLYING CAPACITOR MULTILEVEL INVERTER USING PD PWM	
	STRATEGY	
IEE010	DESIGN AND FABRICATION OF AUTOMATED SMART SOLAR GRASS CUTTER ROBOT USING WIFI AND	
	GPS TECHNOLOGY	
IEEO11	HIGH GAIN STEP UP DC-DC CONVERTER FOR DC MICRO-GRID APPLICATION	
IEEO12	IMPLEMENTATION OF HYBRID POWER SOURCE INVERTER	
IEEO13	IMPLEMENTATION OF HYBRID POWER SOURCE USING IOT	
IEE014	DESIGN, ANALYSIS AND IMPLEMENTATION OF NOVEL SOFT SWITCHED BRIDGELESS INTER LEAVED	
IEE015	BOOST PFC CONVERTOR	
IEEO16	DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF HYBRID INVERTER FOR RENEWABLE SOURCE APPLICATION  NATURE INSPIRED SOLAR POWER USING IOT	
IEEO17	PORTABLE INTENSIVE CARE UNIT EQUIPMENT USING IOT	
IEEO18	7 LEVEL INVERTER	
IEEO19	TRANSFORMER LESS INVERTER	
IEEO2O	SOLAR BASED VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE	
IEEO21	HIGHWAY WINDMILL MONITORING AND CONTROLLING USING IOT	
IEE022	HIGHWAY MULTI SYSTEM ( WINDMILL / SOLAR )MONITORING AND CONTROLLING USING IOT	
IEE023	IMPLEMENTATION OF STARTING AND ADVANCED PROTECTION FOR INDUCTION MOTOR	
IEE024	POWER FACTOR CORRECTION GSM METER	
IEE025	DESALINATION OF SEA WATER USING HYBRID POWER SOURCE	
IEEO26		
	STATION	
IEEO27	AUTOMATIC COIN BASED CELL PHONE CHARGER WITH DUAL SOLAR TRACKING SYSTEM	
IEE028	TRANSMISSION LINE MULTIPLE FAULTS DETECTION AND INDICATION TO ELECTRICITY BOARD	
IEE029	DATA ACQUISITION AND MONITORING OF SOLAR PANELS USING 2-CHANNEL DATA LOGGER AND .NET APPLICATION	
IEE030	A BUCK-BOOST INTEGRATED FULL BRIDGE INVERTER FOR SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC BASED STANDALONE SYSTEM	
IEEO31	A NOVEL METHOD TO EXTRACT MAXIMUM POWER FROM SOLAR PANEL OF A GRID CONNECTED	
	PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM USING PHASE ANGLE CONTROL AND HYSTERSIS CURRENT CONTROL	
IEE032	HIGH-EFFICIENCY DC-DC CONVERTER FOR LARGE INPUT-VOLTAGE FLUCTUATIONS IN SOLAR	
	APPLICATIONS	

IEE033	IMPLEMENTATION OF A WEB OF THINGS BASED SMART GRID TO REMOTELY MONITOR AND		
	CONTROL RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES		
IEE034	ENERBEE-EXAMPLE OF AN ADVANCED METERING INFRASTRUCTURE BASED ON ZIGBEE		
IEE035	REAL-TIME DETECTION SYSTEM FOR ELECTRICAL DISTURBANCES FOR REMOTE		
	COMMUNICATION STATIONS AND SMART GRID		
IEE036	POWER FACTOR METERING SYSTEM USING ARDUINO		
IEE037	WIRELESS RESIDENTAL POWER MONITORING SYSTEM		
IEE038	USING ARDUINO DEVELOPMENT PLATFORM IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF AC ELECTRICAL MACHINES		
IEE039	BATTERY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM USING ARDUINO		
IEE040	ASYMMETRICAL TWO-PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR SPEED CONTROLLED BY MULTILEVEL INVERTER		
	EMPLOYING CASCADED TRANSFORMERS		
IEEO41	DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF REAL TIME TRANSFORMER HEALTH MONITORING SYSTEM		
	USING GSM TECHNOLOGY		
IEE042	DEVELOPMENT OF EFFICIENT POWER GENERATION USING AUTOMATED RENWABLE SOURCES		
	AND AUTOMATING STREET LIGHTS ACCORDING TO TRAFFIC DENSITY		
IEE043	SOLAR TRACKING SYSTEM WITH AUTOMATIC PANEL CLEANING MECHANISM FOR EFFICIENT		
	POWER GENERATION		
IEE044	UNIVERSAL ELECTRICAL POWER GENERATION AND MULTIPURPOSE OPTIMIZATION- SOLAR, WIND		
	AND RAIN		
IEE045	TALKING ENERGY METER		
IEE046	IMPLEMENTATION OF CUK CONVERTER WITH MPPT		

#### Core Electrical Power Electronics, Power Systems, and Drives Projects\_Hardware\_Matlab simulations

- 1. THREE-PHASE AC/DC CONVERTER FED TWO PARALLEL INTERLEAVED DC-DC CONVERTERS FOR FAST CHARGING APPLICATIONS WITH IMPROVED POWER QUALITY
- 2. DESIGN OF SOLAR-PV OPERATED FORMAL DC-DC CONVERTER PMSM MOTOR DRIVE FOR PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR VECTOR CONTROL
- 3. ANALYSIS OF HIGH GAIN DC-DC CONVERTERS FOR DC MICROGRID
- 4. ANALYSIS AND EXTENDED DESIGN OF TWO INDUCTOR BASED HIGH GAIN DC-DC CONVERTERS FOR MICROGRID APPLICATIONS
- 5. A NEW TOPOLOGY DC-DC BIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTER FOR HYBRID ENERGY INTEGRATION SYSTEM

#### **ELECTRICAL VEHICLE**

- 1. MODELLING AND ANALYSIS OF A PFC BASED EV BATTERY CHARGER USING CUK-SEPIC CONVERTER
- 2. DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A CONVERTER CIRCUIT FOR MULTIPLE OUTPUT EV BATTERY CHARGER
- 3. DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF BRIDGE-LESS PFC CONVERTER BASED EV CHARGER
- 4. THREE PHASE BI-DIRECTIONAL ELECTRIC VEHICLE BATTERY CHARGER WITH G2V & V2G TECHNOLOGIES
- 5. SINGLE PHASE BI-DIRECTIONAL ELECTRIC VEHICLE BATTERY CHARGER WITH G2V, V2G & V2L TECHNOLOGIES

#### RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

- 1. COMPARISON OF FLY-BACK CONVERTER AND REVERSE FLY-BACK CONVERTER FOR PV APPLICATIONS
- 2. PHOTO-VOLTAIC(PV) BASED ELECTRIC VEHICLE(EV) CHARGING USING ZETA CONVERTER
- 3. HIGH GAIN ISOLATED SWITCHED-BOOST DC-DC CONVERTER FOR PV APPLICATION
- 4. MULTIPORT CONVERTER BASED SOLAR PV SYSTEM USING FLYBACK CONVERTER
- 5. EXPANDABLE ISOLATED BIDIRECTIONAL THREE-PORT DC-DC CONVERTER WITH HIGH VOLTAGE CONVERSION RATIO FOR PV-BATTERY SYSTEMS
- 6. DC-LINK CURRENT REDUCTION FOR CURRENT SOURCE CONVERTER-BASED WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM

- 7. MODELLING AND CONTROL OF MULTI-PORT DC-DC CONVERTER FOR OFFSHORE WIND-HYDROGEN ENERGY SYSTEMS
- 8. COUPLED INDUCTORS-BASED INTERLEAVED BOOST CONVERTERS FOR FUEL CELL ELECTRIC VEHICLES
- 9. OUTPUT CURRENT CONTROL FOR TWO-SWITCH BOOST BUCK CONVERTERS IN FUEL CELL APPLICATIONS FOR DC MICROGRIDS
- 10. DOUBLE LOOPS CONTROL OF FUEL CELL INVERTER WITH A MDSC BASED-PLL

#### INVERTERS

- 1. DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THREE-PHASE THREE LEVEL NPC INVERTER
- 2. HYBRID MULTILEVEL INVERTER CONTROL FOR HARMONIC MITIGATION
- 3. EFFICIENCY COMPARISON OF 2-LEVEL AND 3-LEVEL SI IGBT BASED INVERTERS
- 4. REDUCED DEVICE COUNT 9-LEVEL INVERTER FOR STANDALONE APPLICATIONS
- 5. DIRECT TORQUE CONTROL BASED MODELLING OF THREE-PHASE S3 INVERTER FOR INDUCTION MOTOR CONTROL
- 6. A NOVEL COMMON GROUNDED TYPE 1-Ф FIVE-LEVEL BOOST PV INVERTER WITH REDUCED DEVICE COUNT
- 7. AN IMPROVED H6-TYPE SINGLE-PHASE PV INVERTER WITH SUPPRESSED LEAKAGE CURRENT
- 8. PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF NOVEL MULTILEVEL INVERTER WITH MINIMUM NUMBER OF SWITCHING COMPONENTS
- 9. SINGLE PHASE ADVANCED MULTILEVEL INVERTER WITH REDUCED DEVICES AND THD FOR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS
- 10. AN INTERLEAVED FLYBACK MICRO INVERTER WITH H5 TOPOLOGY FOR PHOTOVOLTAIC APPLICATIONS

#### POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

- 1. A SEMI-QUADRATIC BUCK PFC CONVERTER WITH LESS INPUT CURRENT DISTORTION
- 2. A SINGLE-PHASE INTEGRATED BATTERY CHARGER SIMULATION COMPARE ON-BOARD BATTERY CHARGER WITH PFC BOOST CONVERTER AND PSFB DC-DC CONVERTER
- 3. A SEPIC PFC FED LLC RESONANT CONVERTER FOR EV BATTERY CHARGER APPLICATIONS
- 4. TWO STAGE DIMMABLE PFC LED DRIVER DIGITAL CONTROLLER DESIGN AND ANALYSIS FOR ISOLATED SEPIC CONVERTER
- 5. FLICKER-FREE LED DRIVER BASED ON TAPPED INDUCTOR BOOST-FLYBACK PFC CONVERTER

#### **EEE POWER SYSTEMS IEEE TITLES - SOLAR POWER GENERATION DOMAIN** TITLE ID TITLE TWO-STAGE CONVERTER STANDALONE PV-BATTERY SYSTEM BASED ON VSG TEMAPE209, TEMAPE210, TEMAPS589, TEPGPS552, CONTROL TEPGPE181, TEPGPE182 Objective: The main objective of this project is to adjust the inverter output and realize the maximum power of the PV scheme by using VSG controller. A NOVEL AND HIGH-GAIN SWITCHED-CAPACITOR AND SWITCHED-TEMAPS577, TEMAPE204, INDUCTOR-BASED DC/DC BOOST CONVERTER WITH LOW INPUT TEPGPS540, TEPGPE176 CURRENT RIPPLE AND MITIGATED VOLTAGE STRESSES Objective: The main objective of this project is to obtain low input current ripples and mitigate the voltage stresses. SOLAR POWER GENERATION SYSTEM WITH POWER SMOOTHING TEMAPS579,TEMAPE206, TEMAPE207, TEPGPE178, **FUNCTION** TEPGPE179.TEPGPS542 Objective: The main objective of this project is to increase power efficiency and smoothens power fluctuations in the Solar Power generation system.

TEMAPS590,TEMAPS591 TEPGPS553,TEPGPS554	FASTER CONVERGENCE CONTROLLER WITH DISTORTED GRID CONDITIONS FOR PHOTOVOLTAIC GRID FOLLOWING INVERTER SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve power
	quality and achieve zero steady state error by using MDBHCC with PR
	controller.
TEMAPS565, TEMAED147,	ENHANCED CONTROL AND POWER MANAGEMENT FOR A RENEWABLE
TEPGPS530, TEPGED141,	ENERGY-BASED WATER PUMPING SYSTEM
TEMAPS583, TEMACS61,	Objective: The main objective of this project is comprehensive
TEPGPS546, TEPGCS55	dynamic analysis for a renewable energy based water pumping
	system.
TEMAPS580, TEMAPS581,	THREE-LEVEL T-TYPE QUASI-Z SOURCE PV GRID-TIED INVERTER WITH
TEMAPS582, TEPGPS543,	ACTIVE POWER FILTER FUNCTIONALITY UNDER DISTORTED GRID VOLTAGE
TEPGPS544, TEPGPS545	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide the stability
	and good dynamic response of the grid-connected 3L-T-type qzsi.
TEMAPS614,	A GENERALIZED HIGH GAIN MULTILEVEL INVERTER FOR SMALL SCALE SOLAR
TEMAPE223,	PHOTOVOLTAIC APPLICATIONS
TEPGPS577,	Objective: The main objective of this project is to increase the low
TEPGPE195	voltage levels of PV panels by using high gain dc-dc converters,
TELALEDOO	which are also known as front-end converters.
TEMAED88,	SOLAR POWERED UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE WITH ACTIVE OUTPUT
TEMAPS453	FILTER UNDER NON-LINEAR LOAD CONDITIONS  Objective: The objective of this paper is to propose Active Output
	Filter system AOF reduces the size and weight of the power
	transmission system while significantly improving its conversion
	efficiency.
TEPGPS421,	FUZZY LOGIC CONTROL FOR SOLAR PV FED MODULAR MULTILEVEL
TEMAPS447	INVERTER TOWARDS MARINE WATER PUMPING APPLICATIONS.
	Objective: The main objective of this project aims to control the
	Induction Motor (IM) drive using intelligent techniques towards
	marine water pumping applications.
TEPGPS443, TEPGPS444,	IMPLEMENTATION OF FREQUENCY INTEGRATED MULTI-ORDER
TEMAPS473, TEMAPS474	GENERALIZED INTEGRATOR FOR SOLAR ENERGY SOURCED GRID
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to attenuate the
	higher-order and sub-order harmonic components from distorted
	load currents, even when the load currents are linear or nonlinear
TEL 44 DO 400	and balanced or unbalanced.
TEMAPS468	PV BASED SHUNT ACTIVE HARMONIC FILTER FOR POWER QUALITY
	IMPROVEMENT
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to SAHF system
	provides harmonic mitigation, power factor correction, and load compensation.
	compensation.

TEMAPS575,	SIMULATION AND MODELLING OF MPPT BASED PV SYSTEM CONNECTED
TEPGPS538	WITH BOOST CONVERTER
121 01 3330	Objective: The main objective of this project is to obtain supreme
	required amount of power from solar PV panel.
TEDCDC 422	PARTIAL POWER CONVERSION AND HIGH VOLTAGE RIDE-THROUGH
TEPGPS433,	
TEMAPS459	SCHEME FOR A PV-BATTERY BASED MULTIPORT MULTI-BUS POWER
	ROUTER.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to partial power
	conversation and high voltage ride through for PV-battery energy
TED 0 D0 400	storage system.
TEPGPS420,	INERTIA AND DAMPING ANALYSIS OF GRID-TIED PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER
TEMAPS446	GENERATION SYSTEM WITH DC VOLTAGE DROOP CONTROL.
	Objective: Main objective of this project aims to analyze the inertia,
	damping and synchronization characteristics of the Grid-Tied
	Photovoltaic Power Generation System with DC Voltage Droop
	Control.
TEPGPS440,	CONTROL OF PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTERS FOR TRANSIENT AND VOLTAGE
TEMAPS466	STABILITY ENHANCEMENT.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to, improve the
	transient stability and enhance the voltage stability of solar PV
	system.
TEPGPE158,TEMAPE185,	MULTI-MODE OPERATION AND CONTROL OF A Z-SOURCE VIRTUAL
TEMAPS536,TEPGPS501,	SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR IN PV SYSTEMS
TEMAPS509,TEPGPS474	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the stability
	and track the frequency of the Power Electronic Converters.
TEPGPS472	PEAK CURRENT DETECTION STARTING BASED POSITION SENSOR LESS
	CONTROL OF BLDC MOTOR DRIVE FOR PV ARRAY FED IRRIGATION PUMP.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to start the permanent
	magnet brushless direct current (PMBLDC) motor with exact
	commutation using position sensor less control mode.
TEMAPS546, TEMAPS547,	MINIMIZING ENERGY STORAGE UTILIZATION IN A STAND-ALONE DC
TEPGPS513, TEPGPS512	MICROGRID USING PHOTOVOLTAIC FLEXIBLE POWER CONTROL
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to regulate the DC link
	voltage of both BESS and PV system.
TEMAPS477	FRACTIONAL ORDER NOTCH FILTER FOR GRID-CONNECTED SOLAR PV
TEPGPS447	SYSTEM WITH POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce the
	harmonics distortion, reactive power burden on the system and
	unbalancing of connected loads.
TEMAPS487	ADAPTIVE HYBRID GENERALIZED INTEGRATOR BASED SMO FOR SOLAR PV
	ARRAY FED ENCODER LESS PMSM DRIVEN WATER PUMP.

	Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to increase its accuracy, reliability of the PMSM using Adaptive Hybrid Generalized Integrator Based SMO.
TEMAPS471	ENERGY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY FOR HYBRID PUMPED HYDRO PHOTO VOLTAIC SYSTEM FOR AGRI PURPOSE-{CONCEPT-BASED} Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to design hybrid microgrid systems like SPV system, hydro system and grid.

TEPGPS505, TEMSPS539	DESIGN AND CONTROL OF PV-UPQC USING VARIABLE LEAKY LMS BASED ALGORITHM FOR POWER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT
TEMSPSSSS	Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to improve the Power quality of the system using PV-UPQC.
TEPGPS121,	IMPLEMENTATION OF SOLAR PV- BATTERY AND DIESEL GENERATOR BASED
TEMAPS169	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to regulate the
	frequency and voltage of DG set without a mechanical automatic voltage regulator.
TEMAPS406	THE NEW CONTROL SCHEME FOR THE PV AND WIND HYBRID SYSTEM
	CONNECTED TO THE SINGLE PHASE GRID
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to keep the power
	output constant if any variation in the input from the PV and wind
TENAN DOLO 7	system occurs, and the output voltage at the grid remains constant
TEMAPS187	VOLTAGE SAG ENHANCEMENT OF GRID CONNECTED HYBRID PV-WIND POWER SYSTEM USING BATTERY AND SMES BASED DYNAMIC VOLTAGE
	RESTORER
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to withstand and secure
	the effect of voltage fluctuation of grid connected hybrid PV-wind
	power system.
TEMAPS10,	MITIGATION OF INTER HARMONICS IN PV SYSTEMS WITH MAXIMUM POWER
TEREPS19_10	POINT TRACKING MODIFICATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to decrease the inter- harmonic emission level.
TEPGPS404	DESIGN OF BATTERY CHARGING CIRCUIT THROUGH MPPT USING SPV
121 01 0404	SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to design a battery
	charging circuit through P&O and INC MPPT using SPV system.
TEMAPS428	INTEGRATION OF SOLAR PV WITH BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to design a battery
	charging circuit through P&O and INC MPPT using SPV system.

TEMAPS489	IMPROVED BETA PARAMETER BASED MPPT METHOD IN PHOTOVOLTAIC
	SYSTEM Objective: The objective of this paper is to enhance the fast tracking
	speed, less oscillations and dynamic behavior of the photovoltaic
	system with different MPPT techniques.
TEPGPS381,	A FLL-BASED CONTROL TECHNIQUE FOR GRID INTERFACED THREE PHASE PV
TEMACS25	SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to eliminate harmonics
TEMADS 427	and balance currents in the circuit.  AN IMPLEMENTATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY BASED MULTIFUNCTIONAL EV
TEMAPS427, TEPGPS400	CHARGER
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to achieve Unity Power
	Factor (UPF) operation and Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of the grid
TEDODS 412	current within 5 percent.
TEPGPS413, TEMAPS438	POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT OF GRID-CONNECTED PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS USING TRANS-Z-SOURCE INVERTER UNDER PARTIAL SHADING
TEMAI OHOO	CONDITION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power
	quality of on-grid Photo-Voltaic (PV) systems by implementing a new
	solar PV fed Dynamic Voltage restorer based on Trans-Z-Source
TEL 44 DO 400	Inverter
TEMAPS429, TEPGPS402	LOW VOLTAGE RIDE-THROUGH CAPABILITY CONTROL FOR SINGLE-STAGE INVERTERBASED GRID-CONNECTED PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER PLANT
TEPGP3402	Objective: The main objective of this project is to control a strategy of
	single-stage PV power plant to enhance the LVRT capability based on
	the Malaysian standards and modern grid codes connection
	requirements.
TEPGCS21,	RECURSIVE DIGITAL FILTER BASED CONTROL FOR POWER QUALITY
TEMACS27	IMPROVEMENT OF GRID TIED SOLAR PV SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to eliminate harmonics and compensating reactive power required by the load.
TEMAPS411,	ENERGY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR SMALL SCALE HYBRID WIND SOLAR
TEMAPS412,	BATTERY BASED MICRO GRID  Objective: The main objective of this project is to believe the newer
TEPGPS378, TEPGPS379	Objective: The main objective of this project is to balance the power in solar wind based hybrid energy storage system.
TEPGPS140,TEPGPS141,	VOLTAGE AND CURRENT PROFILE IMPROVEMENT OF A PV-INTEGRATED
TEMAPS183,TEMAPS184	GRID SYSTEM EMPLOYING SINUSOIDAL CURRENT CONTROL STRATEGY
	BASED UNIFIED POWER QUALITY CONDITIONER
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to regulate the load
	voltage, mitigates voltage transients, and eliminates source
	harmonics.

TEPGPS153  TEPGCS27, TEMACS33	CONSTRUCTION AND PERFORMANCE INVESTIGATION OF THREE-PHASE SOLAR PV AND BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM INTEGRATED UPQC Objective: The main objective of this project is to mitigate the power quality problems existing in the grid and the harmonics penetrated by the non-linear loads. Providing power especially during the longer-term voltage interruption.  A NEW HYBRID METHOD BASED ON FUZZY LOGIC FOR MAXIMUM POWER POINT TRACKING OF PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS Objective: the main objective of this project is to track the maximum power point of PV systems to decrease computation
	power requirement, while increasing the speed and efficiency of the tracking.
TEPGPS149, TEMAPS192, TEPGCS37, TEMACS43	FLEXIBLE POWER-POINT-TRACKING-BASED FREQUENCY REGULATION STRATEGY FOR PV SYSTEM Objective: the main objective of this paper is an adaptive step size tracking method is proposed to improve the output power
	fluctuation around the suboptimal power point.
TEPGPS187, TEMAPS226	MULTIMODE OPERATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY, GRID, BATTERY AND DIESEL GENERATOR SET BASED EV CHARGING STATION  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to provide continuous charging and uninterruptable supply to house loads. It will also regulate generator voltage and frequency, harmonic current compensation of non-linear loads and intentional reactive power compensation.
TEMAPS497, TEPGPS461, TEPGPE134	SIMULATION MODEL OF H6 TRANSFORMERLESS SINGLE PHASE FULL BRIDGE PV GRID TIED INVERTERS Objective: The main objective of this paper is to implement the safety measures of leakage currents in transformer less inverters in
TEMAPS434, TEMAPS435	photovoltaic generation.  FUZZY CONTROLLER BASED GRID INTEGRATION OF HYBRID SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC AND DFIG WIND ENERGY SYSTEM TO IMPROVE POWER QUALITY  Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power quality of the hybrid Photovoltaic (PV) and Doubly Fed Induction Generator (DFIG) based wind energy system.
TEPGPS194, TEMAPS233	PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF SOLAR PV ARRAY AND BATTERY INTEGRATED UNIFIED POWER QUALITY CONDITIONER FOR MICROGRID SYSTEMS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power quality at the load side and supply side and regulate load voltages while maintaining grid current sinusoidal and the power factor close to unity.

TEMAED131,	VEHICLE-TO-GRID ANCILLARY SERVICES USING SOLAR POWERED
TEPGED127,	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS
TEMAPS548,	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to enhance the better
TEPGPS514	dynamic response of motor with less harmonic distortions and
1LF OF 3314	torque fluctuations.
TEGPS131,TEGPS133,	SOLAR PV-BES BASED MICRO-GRID SYSTEM WITH MULTI-FUNCTIONAL
	VSC
TEGPS134,TEMAPS174, TEMAPS175,TEMAPS176	
TEMAPS1/5,TEMAPS1/6	Objective: The main objective of this project is maximum power
	extraction from a PV Array, reactive power compensation,
TEROPOIOE TEROPOIOC	harmonics mitigation and balancing of grid currents.
TEPGPS125,TEPGPS126,	DISTRIBUTED INCREMENTAL ADAPTIVE FILTER CONTROLLED GRID
TEPGPS127,TEPGPS128	INTERACTIVE RESIDENTIAL PHOTOVOLTAIC BATTERY BASED MICRO GRID
	FOR RURAL ELECTRIFICATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide
	continuous supply to the emergency loads, harmonics mitigation,
	load balancing and power factor improvement.
TEPGPS334	IMPLEMENTATION OF SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM WITH UNIVERSAL
TEMAPS374	ACTIVE FILTERING CAPABILITY
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to implement the
	solar PV system with universal active filtering capability
TEPGPS187,	MULTIMODE OPERATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY GRID BATTERY AND
TEMAPS226	GENERATOR SET BASED EV CHARGING STATION
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to provide continuous
	charging and uninterruptable supply to house loads. It will also
	regulate generator voltage and frequency, harmonic current
	compensation of non-linear loads and intentional reactive power
	compensation.
TEPGPS408	A MULTIFUNCTIONAL SOLAR PV AND GRID BASED ON BOARD
	CONVERTER FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to charge of plug-in
	electric vehicles using dual power sources (grid and solar PV).
TEPGPS409	VOLTAGE PROFILE AND POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT IN PV FARMS
	INTEGRATED MEDIUM VOLTAGE GRID USING DYNAMIC VOLTAGE
	RESTORER
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to analyze the power
	quality of three phases medium voltage grid connected with
	distribution generation (DG) such as photovoltaic (PV) farms and
	its control schemes.
TEPGPE123	A NOVEL SINGLE STAGE BUCK BOOST TRANSFORMER LESS INVERTER FOR
	1 PHASE GRID CONNECTED SOLAR PV SYSTEMS
	Objective: the main objective of this paper is to eliminate the
	leakage currents and track the maximum power point even under

	the wide variation of input PV voltage
TEPGPS145,	A MICROGRID BASED ON WIND DRIVEN DFIG,DG & SOLAR PV ARRAY FOR FUEL CONSUMPTION Objective: The main objective of this project is to control the power quality issues such as load unbalance compensation, harmonics compensation and reactive power compensation and extract the maximum power from wind.
TEMAPS04,TEMAPS03, TEREPS19_02,TEREPS19_03, TEREPS19_04,TEMAPE05, TEMAPE06	GRID CONNECTED PV COGENERATION USING BACK TO BACK VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTERS Objective: The main objective of this paper is simple and efficient for a grid-connected wind-photovoltaic (PV) cogeneration system.
TEMAPS481, TEMAPS482, TEPGPS450, TEPGPS451	ADAPTIVE CONTROL OF VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTER BASED SCHEME FOR POWER QUALITY IMPROVED GRID-INTERACTIVE SOLAR PV-BATTERY SYSTEM  Objective: the main objective of this project is to improve power quality under various loading conditions with the help of adaptive learning based back propagation.
TEMSPS568 TEPGPS533	IMPROVED SMS ISLANDING DETECTION METHOD FOR GRID-CONNECTED CONVERTERS Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the islandingdetection capability for grid connected converters.

EEE POWER SYSTEMS IEEE TITLES - WIND POWERGENERATION	
	DOMAIN
TEMAPS565,TEMAED147, TEPGPS530,TEPGED141, TEMAPS583,TEMACS61, TEPGPS546,TEPGCS55 TEMAPS595,TEMAPS596,	ENHANCED CONTROL AND POWER MANAGEMENT FOR A RENEWABLE ENERGY-BASED WATER PUMPING SYSTEM Objective: The main objective of this project is comprehensive dynamic analysis for a renewable energy based water pumping system. AN IMPROVED SLIDING MODE DIRECT POWER CONTROL STRATEGY BASED
TEPGPS558,TEPGPS559	ON REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION FOR VIENNA RECTIFIER  Objective: The main objective of this project is to compensate reactive power for Vienna rectifier by using an improved sliding mode DPC Controlling topology.
TEMAPS598, TEPGPS561	MODELING OF A DROOP-CONTROLLED GRID-CONNECTED DFIG WIND TURBINE Objective: The main objective of this project is to propose a linearized small-signal model for modelling a droop-controlled grid connected DFIG wind turbine.

TEMAPS597,TEMACS63,	DC BUS VOLTAGE CONTROL OF WIND POWER INVERTER BASED ON FIRST-
TEPGCS57, TEPGPS560	ORDER LADRC
	Objective: The main objective of the proposed method is to improve the
	stability of the DC side voltage of the direct-drive permanent magnet
	wind power grid-connected inverter by using First-Order LADRC
TEMAPS599,TEMACS64,	SLIDING MODE CONTROL FOR GRID INTEGRATION OF WIND POWER SYSTEM
TEPGPS562, TEPGCS58	BASED ON DIRECT DRIVE PMSG
	Objective: The main objective of the proposed method is to provide the
	dynamic performance during low/high voltage conditions.
TEMAPS443,	BIDIRECTIONAL HARMONIC CURRENT CONTROL OF BRUSHLESS DOUBLY FED
TEPGPS417	MOTOR DRIVE SYSTEM BASED ON A FRACTIONAL UNIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTER UNDER A WEAK GRID.
	Objective: The Main objective of this project is proposes the brushless
	doubly fed machine (BDFM) drive system based on a fractional
	unidirectional converter is a promising low-cost variable-speed drive
	system.
TEMAPS444,	CONTROL OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR IN WIND POWER SYSTEM
TEPGPS418	APPLICATION FOR VARIABLE SPEEDS.
	Objective: The Main objective of this project is proposes the control of
	the SRG.
TEMAPS519,	MODELING AND COORDINATED CONTROL DESIGN FOR BRUSHLESS DOUBLY FED
TEPGPS483	INDUCTION GENERATOR-BASED WIND TURBINE TO WITHSTAND GRID VOLTAGE UNBALANCE.
	Objective: The main objective of the project is to eliminate unbalanced
	PW current, distorted CW current and oscillations of the PW active or
	reactive power were analyzed.
TEPGPS435,	POWER AND CURRENT LIMITING CONTROL OF WIND TURBINES BASED ON
TEMAPS461	PMSG UNDER UNBALANCED GRID VOLTAGE.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to limit the current,
	power and enhance the operation of wind power system during
	unbalanced grid voltage conditions.
TEPGPS437	HYBRID WIND/PV/BATTERY ENERGY MANAGEMENT-BASED INTELLIGENT
	NON-INTEGER CONTROL FOR SMART DC-MICRO GRID OF SMART
	UNIVERSITY.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to controlling the
	source-side converters (sscs) to extract the maximum power from the
	renewable energy sources (wind and PV) using the proposed IFO-PID.
TEMAPS411,TEMAPS412,	ENERGY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR SMALL SCALE HYBRID WIND SOLAR
TEPGPS378,TEPGPS379	BATTERY BASED MICROGRID
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to balance the power in
	solar-wind based hybrid energy storage system.

TEMAPS565, TEMAED147,	ENHANCED CONTROL AND POWER MANAGEMENT FOR A RENEWABLE
TEPGPS530, TEPGED141	ENERGY-BASED WATER PUMPING SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is comprehensive dynamic analysis for a renewable energy based water pumping system

TEPGPS423, TEMAPS449	PARAMETER ADJUSTMENT FOR THE DROOP CONTROL OPERATING A DISCHARGE PEC IN PMG-BASED WECSS WITH GENERATOR-CHARGED BATTERY UNITS.
	Objective: Main objective of this project aims to enhance the ability of the PMG-based WECS and its battery storage system to meet their command power delivery, while ensuring the frequency and voltage stability at the PCC.
TEMAPS485,TEMAPS486,	DETECTION METHOD OF GRID VOLTAGE SAG FOR OFFSHORE WIND POWER
TEPGPS454,TEPGPS455	CONVERTER  Objective: The main objective of this project is to find a detection method of grid voltage sag suitable for LVRT of offshore wind power converters.
TEMAPS615,TEPGPS578	A NOVEL APPROACH TO MAXIMIZE PERFORMANCE AND RELIABILITY OF PMSG BASED WIND TURBINE Objective: The main objective of this project is to maximize the performance and reliability of PMSG based Wind Turbine.
TEMAPS494,	ROBUST CONTROL FOR ISLANDED AND SEAMLESS MODE SWITCHING OF
TEPGPS458	WIND-PV-GRID TIED GENERATION SYSTEM.  Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the quality of generated power into the grid.
TEMAPS550, TEPGPS516	DUAL MODE OPERATION OF WIND-SOLAR WITH ENERGY STORAGE BASED MICROGRID INTEGRATED TO UTILITY GRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to remote village electrification along with the accessibility of continuous power is provided by the integrated operation of microgrid assisted by utility grid.
CONCEPT-BASED	LOW VOLTAGE RIDE THROUGH (LVRT) OF GRID INTERFACED WIND DRIVEN DFIG (USING FUZZY LOGIC)-{CONCEPT-BASED}
CONCEPT-BASED	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF ENHANCING THE VOLTAGE STABILITY OF DFIG BASED WINDFARM USING SVC & UPFC-{CONCEPT-BASED}
TEMAPS520, TEPGPS484	MAXIMUM POWER POINT TRACKING FOR WIND TURBINE USING INTEGRATED GENERATOR-RECTIFIER SYSTEMS.  Objective: The main objective of this project Deployment of the integrated systems in offshore wind energy, which requires maximum power point tracking (MPPT) capability.

TEMAED134,	ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND OPTIMIZATION OF VEHICLE-TO-GRID SYSTEMS
TEPGED130	FOR WIND POWER INTEGRATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to energy management
	between Electric Vehicle to grid system for grid power integration
TEPGPS452,	SIMULATION AND MODELING OF A WIND TURBINE USING PMSG WITH
TEMAPS483	MAXIMUM POWER TRACKING CONTROL
	Objective: The main objective of this project is modelling of the wind
	turbine along with the synchronous generator is primarily done which is
	fed to a utility with the help of a dc/dc rectifier and boost model.
TEPGPS423,	PARAMETER ADJUSTMENT FOR THE DROOP CONTROL OPERATING A
TEMAPS449	DISCHARGE PEC IN PMG-BASED WECSS WITH GENERATOR-CHARGED
	BATTERY UNITS.
	Objective: Main objective of this project aims to enhance the ability of
	the PMG-based WECS and its battery storage system to meet their
	command power delivery, while ensuring the frequency and voltage
	stability at the PCC.
TEMAPS406	THE NEW CONTROL SCHEME FOR THE PV AND WIND HYBRID SYSTEM
	CONNECTED TO THE SINGLE PHASE GRID
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to keep the power output
	constant if any variation in the input from the PV and wind system
	occurs, and the output voltage at the grid remains constant

TEMAPS187,TEMAPS188,	VOLTAGE SAG ENHANCEMENT OF GRID CONNECTED HYBRID PV-WIND
TEPGPS144,TEPGPS145,	POWER SYSTEM USING BATTERY AND SMES BASED DYNAMIC VOLTAGE
TEPGPS146,TEMAPS189	RESTORER
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce symmetrical and asymmetrical voltage sags in the system.
TEPGPS187,TEMSPS207,	COORDINATED FUZZY-BASED LOW-VOLTAGE RIDE-THROUGH CONTROL
TEPGCS16	FOR PMSG WIND TURBINES AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to enhance the LVRT
	response and improve the stability of the system.
TEPGPS166,TEMAPS206,	WIND-SPEED ESTIMATION AND SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR SPMSG-BASED
TEPGCS34,TEMACS40	WECS USING LMI-BASED SMC
	Objective: The main objective of this project is eliminating the sensor
	requirements for measuring the wind speed, rotor speed and rotor
	position thereby enhancing system reliability and reducing the
	complexity.
TEMAPS411,TEMAPS412,	ENERGY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR SMALL SCALE HYBRID WIND SOLAR
TEPGPS378,TEPGPS379	BATTERY BASED MICROGRID
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to balance the power in
	Solar Wind based HESS

TEPGPS159,TEPGED20, TEMAPS202,TEMAED19	EMULATION OF WIND TURBINE SYSTEM USING VECTOR CONTROLLED INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE Objective: The main objective of this project is using of feed-forward compensation will reduce the disturbances in the torque, owing to its poor disturbance rejection capability.
TEMAPS431, TEPGPS406	MODELLING OF A WIND TURBINE WITH PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR  Objective: The main objective of this project is the implementation and simulation of a Simulink-based controlled permanent magnet synchronous generator (PMSG) wind turbine in the dq0 reference frame.
TEPGPS164, TEMAPS205	TESTING THE PERFORMANCE OF BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE IN A WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM  Objective: The main objective of this project is to regulate the errors in the net power flow and reduce the conduction losses and performs the dynamic and transient performances of the system.
TEPGPS156, TEPGPS157, TEMAPS199, TEMAPS200	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF GRID-INTERACTIVE DFIG BASED WECS FOR REGULATED POWER FLOW  Objective: The main objective of this project is sharing of reactive power at below rated wind speeds, which essentially reduces the amount of rotor winding copper loss and maintaining the unity power stator terminals.
TEMSPS434, TEMAPS435	FUZZY CONTROLLER BASED GRID INTEGRATION OF HYBRID SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC AND DFIG WIND ENERGY SYSTEM TO IMPROVE POWER QUALITY  Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power quality of the hybrid Photovoltaic (PV) and Doubly Fed Induction Generator (DFIG) based wind energy system.
TEPGED123,TEMAED123, TEMAED127,TEPGPS507, TEMAPS541	MODEL PREDICTIVE DIRECT POWER CONTROL OF DOUBLY FED INDUCTION GENERATORS UNDER BALANCED AND UNBALANCED NETWORK CONDITIONS Objective: The main objective of this project is to control the power of high performance DFIG under both balanced and balanced network.
TEPGPS410	MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF WIND TURBINE EMULATOR USING DC MOTOR Objective: The main objective of this project is to control the wind turbine behavior through current control of dc motor with a PI controller

TEPGPS175,TEPGPS176,	A MICRO GRID BASED ON WIND DRIVEN DFIG,DG & SOLAR PV ARRAY FOR
TEPGPS177,TEMAPS214,	FUEL CONSUMPTION
TEMAPS215,TEMAPS216	Objective: The main objective of this project is to control the power
	quality issues such as load unbalance compensation, harmonics

	compensation and reactive power compensation and extract the maximum power from the wind turbine.
TEMAPS483,	SIMULATION & MODELLING OF A WIND TURBINE USING PMSG WITH
TEPGPS452	MAXIMUM POWER TRACKING CONTROL
	Objective: The main objective of the project is modelling of the wind
	turbine along with the synchronous generator is primarily done which is
	fed to a utility with the help of a dc/dc rectifier and boost model.

EEE POWER S	YSTEMS IEEE TITLES - POWERQUALITY DOMAIN
TEMAPS580,TEMAPS581,	THREE-LEVEL T-TYPE QUASI-Z SOURCE PV GRID-TIED INVERTER WITH
TEMAPS582,TEPGPS543,	ACTIVE POWER FILTER FUNCTIONALITY UNDER DISTORTED GRID VOLTAGE
TEPGPS544,TEPGPS545	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide the stability
	and good dynamic response of the grid-connected 3L-T-type qzsi.
TEMAPS601,TEPGPS564	A NEW TECHNIQUE IMPLEMENTED IN SYNCHRONOUS REFERENCE FRAME FOR
	DVR CONTROL UNDER SEVERE SAG AND SWELL CONDITIONS
	Objective: The main objective of this project is controlling of DVR in
	distribution systems under severe transient conditions.
TEMAPS590,TEMAPS591	FASTER CONVERGENCE CONTROLLER WITH DISTORTED GRID CONDITIONS
TEPGPS553,TEPGPS554	FOR PHOTOVOLTAIC GRID FOLLOWING INVERTER SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve power quality
	and achieve zero steady state error by using MDBHCC with PR controller.
TEMAPS602,	BIDIRECTIONAL POWER CONTROL STRATEGY FOR SUPER CAPACITOR
TEMAPE211,	ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM BASED ON MMC DC-DC CONVERTER
TEPGPS565,	Objective: The main objective of this project is to employ a bidirectional
TEPGPE183	power control strategy for Super Capacitor Energy Storage System
	Based on MMC DC-DC Converter.
TEMAPS595,	AN IMPROVED SLIDING MODE DIRECT POWER CONTROL STRATEGY BASED
TEMAPS596,	ON REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION FOR VIENNA RECTIFIER
TEPGPS558,	Objective: The main objective of this project is to compensate reactive
TEPGPS559	power for Vienna rectifier by using an improved sliding mode DPC
	Controlling topology.
TEMAPS443,	BIDIRECTIONAL HARMONIC CURRENT CONTROL OF BRUSHLESS DOUBLY FED
TEPGPS417	MOTOR DRIVE SYSTEM BASED ON A FRACTIONAL UNIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTER
	UNDER A WEAK GRID.
	Objective: The Main objective of this project is proposes the brushless
	doubly fed machine (BDFM) drive system based on a fractional
	unidirectional converter is a promising low-cost variable-speed drive
	system.

TEPGPS414,	A LYAPUNOV-FUNCTION BASED CONTROLLER FOR 3-PHASE SHUNT ACTIVE
TEMAPS440	POWER FILTER AND PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT CONSIDERING DIFFERENT
	SYSTEM SCENARIOS
	Objective: The Main objective of this project is implement the rating of
	the shunt active power filter is considerably reduced than the other two
	broadly employed conventional methods.
TEMAPS573,	LYAPUNOV FUNCTION BASED CONTROL STRATEGY FOR SINGLE-PHASE
TEPGPS536	GRID-CONNECTED PV SYSTEM WITH LCL-FILTER
121 01 0000	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the stability
	under changing atmospheric conditions in grid connected PV system
	with LCL filter.
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TEMAPS562,	POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT USING FUZZY-PI CONTROLLED D-STATCOM
TEPGPS527	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve power quality
	by using Fuzzy-PI Controlled D-STATCOM.
TEPGPE156, TEPGPS498,	CONTROL OF A THREE-PHASE POWER CONVERTER CONNECTED TO
TEMAPE183, TEMAPS532	UNBALANCED POWER GRID IN A NON-CARTESIAN OBLIQUE FRAME
TEMALEIGO, TEMALGGGZ	Objective: The main objective of the proposed method is, to avoid
	multiple transformations of positive and negative sequence of current,
	oscillatory terms and gives better results without overregulation.
TEPGPE158,TEMAPE185,	Multi-Mode Operation and Control of a Z-Source Virtual Synchronous
·	,
TEMAPS 536, TEPGPS 501,	Generator in PV Systems
TEMAPS509,TEPGPS474	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the stability
TED 0 D0 400	and track the frequency of the Power Electronic Converters.
TEPGPS420,	Inertia and Damping Analysis of Grid-Tied Photovoltaic Power
TEMAPS446	Generation System With DC Voltage Droop Control.
	Objective: Main objective of this project aims to analyze the inertia,
	damping and synchronization characteristics of the Grid-Tied
	Photovoltaic Power Generation System with DC Voltage Droop Control.
TEPGPS424,	Bidirectional Power Flow Control Integrated With Pulse and Sinusoidal-
TEMAPS40	Ripple-Current Charging Strategies for Three-Phase Grid-Tied
	Converters.
	Objective: The objective of this paper is to propose bidirectional
	charging/discharging strategies for three-phase grid-tied converters.
TEMAPS535	MODELING AND COORDINATED CONTROL DESIGN FOR BRUSHLESS DOUBLY-FED
	INDUCTION GENERATOR-BASED WIND TURBINE TO WITHSTAND GRID VOLTAGE
	UNBALANCE
	Objective: The main objective of the project is to eliminate unbalanced
	PW current, distorted CW current and oscillations of the PW active or
	reactive power were analyzed.
TEMAED88, TEMAPS453	SOLAR POWERED UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE WITH ACTIVE OUTPUT FILTER
	UNDER NON-LINEAR LOAD CONDITIONS

	Objective: The objective of this paper is to propose Active Output Filter system AOF reduces the size and weight of the power transmission system while significantly improving its conversion efficiency.
TEPGPS433, TEMAPS459	PARTIAL POWER CONVERSION AND HIGH VOLTAGE RIDE-THROUGH SCHEME FOR A PV-BATTERY BASED MULTIPORT MULTI-BUS POWER ROUTER.  Objective: The main objective of this project is to partial power conversation and high voltage ride through for PV-battery energy storage system.
TEPGPS435, TEMAPS461	POWER AND CURRENT LIMITING CONTROL OF WIND TURBINES BASED ON PMSG UNDER UNBALANCED GRID VOLTAGE.  Objective: The main objective of this project is to limit the current, power and enhance the operation of wind power system during unbalanced grid voltage conditions.
TEMAPS560, TEPGPS525	VOLTAGE STABILITY ENHANCEMENT USING FACTS DEVICES  Objective: The main objective of this project is to enhance the voltage profile improvement in transmission systems by using FACTS DEVICES.
TEPGPS438, TEMAPS464	Control Strategy Research of D-STATCOM Using Active Disturbance Rejection Control Based on Total Disturbance Error Compensation Objective: The Main Objective Of This Project Is To Improve The Dynamic Tracking Response Speed And Anti-Interference Ability Of The System.
TEPGPS439, TEMAPS465	CONTROL OF PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTERS FOR TRANSIENT AND VOLTAGE STABILITY ENHANCEMENT.  Objective: The main objective of this project is to, improve the transient stability and enhance the voltage stability of solar PV system.
TEMAPS470	POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT WITH D-STATCOM USING COMBINED PR AND COMB FILTER- CONTROLLER Objective: The main objective of this project is to maintain power quality in distribution system with the help of D-STATCOM.

TEMAPS468	PV BASED SHUNT ACTIVE HARMONIC FILTER FOR POWER QUALITY
	IMPROVEMENT
	Objective: The main objective of this project is SAHF system provides
	harmonic mitigation, power factor correction, and load compensation.
TEPGPS411,	GRID-CONNECTED INDUCTION MOTOR USING A FLOATING DC-LINK
TEMAPS467	CONVERTER UNDER UNBALANCED VOLTAGE SAG
	Objective: The main objective of this project to eliminate unbalanced
	PW current, distorted CW current and oscillations of the PW active or
	reactive power were analyzed.
TEMAPS478	SYSTEM MODELING AND STABILITY ANALYSIS OF SINGLE- PHASE
TEPGPS448	TRANSFORMER LESS UPQC INTEGRATED INPUT GRID VOLTAGE REGULATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to exchanging reactive

	power between the system and the grid to provide input grid voltage regulation.
TEPGPS447, TEMAPS477	FRACTIONAL ORDER NOTCH FILTER FOR GRID-CONNECTED SOLAR PV SYSTEM WITH POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT.  Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce the harmonics distortion, reactive power burden on the system and unbalancing of connected loads.
TEMAPS567, TEPGPS531 TEPGPS532, TEMAPS566	IMPROVED POWER QUALITY IN A SOLAR PV PLANT INTEGRATED UTILITY GRID BY EMPLOYING A NOVEL ADAPTIVE CURRENT REGULATOR Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve voltage and power quality under load changes.
CONCEPT-BASED	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF ENHANCING THE VOLTAGE STABILITY OF DFIG BASED WINDFARM USING SVC & UPFC -{CONCEPT-BASED}
CONCEPT-BASED	POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT WITH HELP OF SRF-PI,MSRF-PI,MSRF-FLC BASED DESIGNED SAPF (CASE 1 & 2 & 3)
TEPGPS460, TEMAPS496	MITIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT OF POWER QUALITY USING SHUNT SERIES SWITCHED GRID TIED INVERTER (SSS-GTI)  Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power quality of distributed energy sources in network associated mode and islanded mode.
TEMAPS571 TEMAPS572	SIMULATION AND MODELING OF STATCOM AND WINDFARM IN THE TRANSMISSION LINE USING MATLAB AND ANALYSIS OF BUS VOLTAGE Objective: The main objective of this project is to facilitate continuous operation of wind turbines during disturbances, stability improvement and proper reactive power compensation by using STATCOM.
TEPGPS505, TEMAPS539	DESIGN AND CONTROL OF PV-UPQC USING VARIABLE LEAKY LMS BASED ALGORITHM FOR POWER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the Power quality of the system using PV-UPQC.
TEPGPS172,TEMAPS212	A NEW PROTECTION SCHEME FOR AN SSSC IN AN MV NETWORK BY USING A VARISTOR AND THYRISTORS Objective: Main objective of this project aims to improve the reliability and flexibility of the network operation.
TEMAPS408	DESIGN OF LCL FILTER FOR THREE-PHASE INVERTER CONNECTED TO THE LOAD  Objective: The main objective of this project is to design LCL filter is to remove the peak near the resonance frequency for three-phase inverter connected to the Load.
TEMAPS569 TEPGPS534	CONTROL OF GRID TIED SMART PV-DSTATCOM SYSTEM USING AN ADAPTIVE TECHNIQUE Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power

quality and support the three phase AC grid to both grid as well as connected loads  TEPGCS18, TEMACS25, SYSTEM Objective: The main objective of this project is grid currents balancing and to improve the sy distorted grid conditions.  TEMAPS427, TEPGPS400 CHARGER Objective: The main objective of this paper Factor (UPF) operation and Total Harmonic Dicurrent within 5 percent.  TEPGCS21, TEMACS27 IMPROVEMENT OF GRID TIED SOLAR PV SYSTEM Objective: The main objective of this paper and compensating reactive power required by load unbalancing, voltage sag, voltage dist changing solar irradiation conditions.  TEPGPS140, TEPGPS141, SYSTEM EMPLOYING SINUSOIDAL CURRENT Contage, mitigate voltage transients, elin harmonics.  TEPGPS174, TEMAPS184 Objective: The main objective of this paper voltage, mitigate voltage transients, elin harmonics.  TEPGPS174, TEMAPS213 FILTERS BASED ON FIR PREDICTION Objective: The main objective of this paper control strategy for Three-Phase Three-Wire (APF).  TEMAPS430, TEPGPS405 DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER DVR Objective: The main objective of this project is of power equipping; the modifier of voltage so by transmission lines serial, which put as com	
TEMACS25, TEPGPS381  Objective: The main objective of this project is grid currents balancing and to improve the sy distorted grid conditions.  TEMAPS427, TEPGPS400  CHARGER Objective: The main objective of this paper Factor (UPF) operation and Total Harmonic Discurrent within 5 percent.  TEPGCS21, TEMACS27  IMPROVEMENT OF GRID TIED SOLAR PV SYSTEM Objective: The main objective of this paper and compensating reactive power required by load unbalancing, voltage sag, voltage distichanging solar irradiation conditions.  TEPGPS140, TEPGPS141, SYSTEM EMPLOVING SINUSOIDAL CURRENT Contage, mitigate voltage transients, elim harmonics.  TEPGPS174, TEMAPS184  Objective: The main objective of this paper voltage, mitigate voltage transients, elim harmonics.  TEPGPS174, TEMAPS213  TEMAPS213  TEMAPS213  TEMAPS430, DESIGN OF ADAPTIVE CONTROLLER FOR REGULT (APF).  TEMAPS430, TEPGPS405  DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER DVR Objective: The main objective of this project is of power equipping; the modifier of voltage so by transmission lines serial, which put as com	by supplying power to the
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by transmission lines serial, which put as com TEPGPS153 CONSTRUCTION AND PERFORMANCE INVESTI	s the low quality problems
TEPGPS153 CONSTRUCTION AND PERFORMANCE INVESTI	
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Objective: Main objective of this project is to reproblems existing in the grid and the harm non-linear loads. Providing power especially voltage interruption.	EM INTEGRATED UPQC mitigate the power quality monics penetrated by the

TEPGPE70,	CASCADED MULTILEVEL PV INVERTER WITH IMPROVED HARMONIC
TEMAPE84	PERFORMANCE DURING POWER IMBALANCE BETWEEN POWER CELLS
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to mitigate voltage and
	current distortions by injecting power with lower voltage from the
	shaded cells without altering the PV voltage.
TEPGPS509,	POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT OF GRID-CONNECTED PHOTOVOLTAIC
TEPGPS508,	SYSTEMS USING TRANS-Z-SOURCE INVERTER UNDER PARTIAL SHADING
· ·	
TEMAPS543,	CONDITION
TEMAPS542	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power
	quality to reduce the total harmonic distortion and to reduce voltage
	stress across the switches.
TEPGPS184,	A NOVEL IUPQC FOR MULTI-FEEDER SYSTEMS USING MULTILEVEL
TEMAPS223	CONVERTERS WITH GRID INTEGRATION OF HYBRID RENEWABLE ENERGY
	SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to compensate the
	sag/swell and current/voltage harmonics
TEPGPS182,	POWER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT IN A GRID-CONNECTED HYBRID SYSTEM
TEMAPS221,	WITH COORDINATED PQ THEORY & FRACTIONAL ORDER PID CONTROLLER IN
·	·
TEPGCS29,	DPFC
TEMACS35	Objective: The main objective of this project is to new FACTS-based
	distributed power flow controller (DPFC) that incorporates a
	coordinated PQ theory and a FOPID controller is proposed to mitigate
	the power quality issues.
TEPGPS307	POWER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT FOR A GRID CONNECTED WIND TURBINE ENERGY SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to enhance the power
	quality for a grid connected wind turbine energy system.
TEPGPS129,TEPGPS130,	Grid Connected PV System with Reactive Power Compensation for the
TEMAPS172,TEMAPS173	Grid
1 LIVIAI 3172,1 LIVIAI 3173	Objective: The main objective of this project is to design of grid
	, , ,
	connected solar inverters to perform the unity power factor, which can
TEN 44 DO 400	produce active power only.
TEMAPS433	A NOVEL TRANSFORMER LESS HYBRID SERIES ACTIVE FILTER
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to connect a Novel
	transformer less Hybrid series active filter to the grid without requiring a
	costly series injection transformer.
TEPGPS156,	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF GRID-INTERACTIVE DFIG BASED WECS FOR
TEPGPS157,	REGULATED POWER FLOW
TEMAPS199,	Objective: The main objective of this project is sharing of reactive power
TEMAPS200	at below rated wind speeds, which essentially reduces the amount of
	rotor winding copper loss and maintaining the unity power at stator
	terminals.

TEMAPS555,	Quality and un- interrupted power are extremely important goals at
	Objective: The main objective of this project is maintaining good Power
	of power between AC-DC Microgrids  NOVEL DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER WITH MULTI-FUNCTIONAL CAPABILITY
TEMAPS191,TEMAPS190	Objective: The main objective of this project is to control the exchange of power between AC-DC Microgrids
TEPGPS147,TEPGPS148,	POWER FLOW CONTROL OF HYBRID MICRO-GRIDS USING MODIFIED UIPC
	and power quality improvement.
	supply to the emergency loads, harmonics mitigation, load balancing
TEPGPS128	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide continuous
TEPGPS127,	ELECTRIFICATION
TEPGPS126,	RESIDENTIAL PHOTOVOLTAIC-BATTERY BASED MICRO-GRID FOR RURAL
TEPGPS125,	DISTRIBUTED INCREMENTAL ADAPTIVE FILTER CONTROLLED GRID INTERACTIVE
TEIVIAI 31/3,TEIVIAF31/0	mitigation and balancing of grid currents.
TEPGPS133,TEMAPS174, TEMAPS175,TEMAPS176	Objective: The main objective of this project is Maximum power extraction from a PV array, reactive power compensation, harmonics
TEPGPS131,TEPGPS132,	SOLAR PV-BES BASED MICRO-GRID SYSTEM WITH MULTI-FUNCTIONAL VSC
TEDODOIOI TEDODOIOO	compensation.
	regulation, load harmonic current suppression and reactive power
	Objective: The main objective of this project is perform grid voltage
	PREMIUM-POWER-SUPPLY-REQUIRED APPLICATIONS
TEPGPS363	AN INDUCTIVE HYBRID UPQC FOR POWER QUALITY MANAGEMENT IN
	system.
	and improve the dynamic and steady state performance of the drive
	tuning of PI controller gains, increase bandwidth of operating regions
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to avoid the hectic
TEMAED27	MACHINE DRIVE USING MODEL PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL TECHNIQUE
TEPGED28,	VARIABLE SPEED OPERATION OF BRUSHLESS DOUBLY-FED RELUCTANCE
ILIVIAI VAAT	quality using Dynamic Voltage Restorer.
TEMAPS224	Objective: The main objective of this project is to enhance the power
TEPGPS185,	POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT USING DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER
	while maintaining grid current sinusoidal and the power factor close to unity.
	quality at the load side and supply side and regulate load voltages
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power
TEMAPS233	UNIFIED POWER QUALITY CONDITIONER FOR MICROGRID SYSTEMS
TEPGPS194,	PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF SOLAR PV ARRAY AND BATTERY INTEGRATED
	Generator (DFIG) based wind energy system.
	quality of the hybrid Photovoltaic (PV) and Doubly Fed Induction
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power
I LIVIOI OTOO	QUALITY
TEMSPS435	PHOTOVOLTAIC AND DFIG WIND ENERGY SYSTEM TO IMPROVE POWER

TEPGPS521	many type of facilities at the present scenario.
TEPGPS187, TEMAPS226	MULTIMODE OPERATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY GRID BATTERY AND GENERATOR SET BASED EV CHARGING STATION  Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide continuous charging and uninterruptable supply to the household loads. It will also regulate generator voltage and frequency, harmonics current compensation of non-linear loads and intentional reactive power compensation.
TEPGPS408	A MULTIFUNCTIONAL SOLAR PV AND GRID BASED ON BOARD CONVERTER FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES Objective: The main objective of this project is to charging of plug-in electric vehicles (pevs) using dual power sources (grid and solar pv).
TEMAPS430, TEPGPS405	DESIGN OF ADAPTIVE CONTROLLER FOR REGULATING THE VOLTAGE BY A DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER DVR Objective: The main objective of this project is the low quality problems of power equipping; the modifier of voltage source could be connected by transmission lines serial, which put as compensators.
TEMAPS436	D-STATCOM FOR POWER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT IN DISTRIBUTION POWER SYSTEM USING MATLAB SIMULINK Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power quality in distribution system.
TEMAPS437	DESIGN AND SIMULATION OF HYBRID POWER FILTERS TO PROVIDE HARMONIC COMPENSATION AT THE AC MAINS CONNECTED TO CRITICAL NON-LINEAR LOADS  Objective: The main objective of this project is test three phase power system performance under nonlinear loads with help of difference types of filters (Active & passive Filters)
TEPGPS411	HYBRID ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM CONTROL ANALOGOUS TO POWER QUALITY ENHANCEMENT OPERATION OF INTERLINKING CONVERTERS Objective: The main objective of this project is to enhance the power quality in grid-connected system by using ESS.
TEMAPS481,TEMSPS482, TEPGPS482,TEPGPS450, TEPGPS451	ADAPTIVE CONTROL OF VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTER BASED SCHEME FOR POWER QUALITY IMPROVED GRID-INTERACTIVE SOLAR PV- BATTERY SYSTEM Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve power quality under various loading conditions with the help of adaptive learning based back propagation.

EEE POWER SYSTEMS IEEE TITLES - DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DOMAIN	
TEMAPS580, TEMAPS581,	THREE-LEVEL T-TYPE QUASI-Z SOURCE PV GRID-TIED INVERTER WITH
TEMAPS582, TEPGPS543,	ACTIVE POWER FILTER FUNCTIONALITY UNDER DISTORTED GRID VOLTAGE
TEPGPS544, TEPGPS545	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide the stability
	and good dynamic response of the grid-connected 3L-T-type qzsi.
TEMAPS605, TEMACS65,	POWER AND CURRENT LIMITING STRATEGY BASED ON DROOP CONTROLLER
TEPGPS568, TEPGCS59	WITH FLOATING CHARACTERISTIC FOR GRID-CONNECTED DISTRIBUTED
	GENERATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the
	performance of grid connected distribution generations by employing
	power and current limiting strategy.

EEE POWER SYSTEMS IEEE TITLES – HYBRID POWER GENERATION	
	DOMAIN
TEMAPS608,TEMAPS609,	ENERGY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY OF AC/DC HYBRID MICROGRID BASED ON
TEMAPE213, TEPGPS571,	SOLID-STATE TRANSFORMER
TEPGPS572,TEPGPE185	Objective: The main objective of this project is to avoid the voltage
	fluctuation and power mismatch by using AC/DC hybrid microgrid
	based on solid-state transformer.
TEMAPS610,	PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT OF GRID INTERFACED HYBRID SYSTEM USING
TEPGPS573	DISTRIBUTED POWER FLOW CONTROLLER OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the reliability,
	power quality, and transient stability of a hybrid system by using
	Distributed Power Flow Controller Optimization Techniques.

EEE POWER S	YSTEMS IEEE TITLES – HYBRID SYSTEMS DOMAIN
TEPGPS415,	A MODEL PREDICTIVE CONTROL METHOD FOR HYBRID ENERGY STORAGE
TEMSPS441	SYSTEMS
	Objective: The main objective of this project is proposes a model
	predictive control (MPC) method to control three-level bidirectional
	DC/DC converters for grid-connections to a HESS in a DC microgrid.
TEMAPS559,	DESIGN CONSIDERATION AND PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF A HYBRID
TEPGPS524	ISLANDING DETECTION METHOD COMBINING VOLTAGE UNBALANCE/TOTAL
	HARMONIC DISTORTION AND BILATERAL REACTIVE POWER VARIATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to propose a hybrid
	islanding detection method for inverter-based distributed generation
	units.

TEPGPS47, TEMAPS453	SOLAR POWERED UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE WITH ACTIVE OUTPUT FILTER UNDER NON-LINEAR LOAD CONDITIONS Objective: The objective of this paper is to propose Active Output Filter system AOF reduces the size and weight of the power transmission system while significantly improving its conversion efficiency.
TEPGPS41, TEMAPS457	PARTIAL POWER CONVERSION AND HIGH VOLTAGE RIDE-THROUGH SCHEME FOR A PV-BATTERY BASED MULTIPORT MULTI-BUS POWER ROUTER.  Objective: The main objective of this project is to partial power conversation and high voltage ride through for PV-battery energy storage system.
TEPGPS464, TEMAPS499	STABILITY EVALUATION OF AC/DC HYBRID MICROGRIDS CONSIDERING BIDIRECTIONAL POWER FLOW THROUGH THE INTERLINKING CONVERTERS.  Objective: The objective of this paper is power flow direction on the small-signal stability of islanded droop-based hmgs.
TEMAPS471	ENERGY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY FOR HYBRID PUMPED HYDRO PHOTO VOLTAIC SYSTEM FOR AGRI PURPOSE-{CONCEPT-BASED} Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to design hybrid microgrid systems like SPV system, hydro system and grid.
TEPGPS457	ROBUST CONTROL FOR ISLANDED AND SEAMLESS MODE SWITCHING OF WIND-PV-GRID TIED GENERATION SYSTEM.  Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the quality of generated power into the grid.
TEMAPS550, TEPGPS516	DUAL MODE OPERATION OF WIND-SOLAR WITH ENERGY STORAGE BASED MICROGRID INTEGRATED TO UTILITY GRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to remote village electrification along with the accessibility of continuous power is provided by the integrated operation of microgrid assisted by utility grid.
CONCEPT-BASED	MULTI-PORT DC-AC CONVERTER WITH HELP OF BATTERY AND SOLAR
TEMAPE158, TEMAPE159, TEPGPE130, TEPGPE131	MULTI-PORT DC-AC CONVERTER WITH DIFFERENTIAL POWER PROCESSING DC-DC CONVERTER AND FLEXIBLE POWER CONTROL FOR BATTERY ESS INTEGRATED PV SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to sustain the continuous power supply to the loads, energy storage systems (ESS), such as batteries, are usually integrated with PV systems.
TEMAPS558, TEPGPS523	DESIGN AND MODELING OF HYBRID DC/AC MICROGRID WITH MANIFOLD RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES  Objective: The main objective of this project is to extract maximum power from the solar, wind and tidal waves at varying conditions.
TEMAPS561, TEPGPS526	DESIGN OF MICROGRID USING HYBRID ENERGY SOURCE FOR REMOTE LOCATION APPLICATION

	Objective: The main objective of this project is to eradicate the usage of fossils and to attain the power management in the micro-grid system.
TEPGPS437, TEMAPS462	HYBRID WIND/PV/BATTERY ENERGY MANAGEMENT-BASED INTELLIGENT NON-INTEGER CONTROL FOR SMART DC-MICRO GRID OF SMART UNIVERSITY
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to controlling the source-side converters (sscs) to extract the maximum power from the renewable energy sources (wind and PV) using the proposed IFO-PID.
TEMAPS469	NANO GRID TECHNIQUES FOR FARMING RELIABLE & RESIDENTIAL GRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to maintain power management in Nano-grid.
TEPGPS122, TEMAPS168	IMPLEMENTATION OF SOLAR PV- BATTERY AND DIESEL GENERATOR BASED ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION  Objective: The main objective of this project is to regulate the frequency and voltage of DG set without a mechanical automatic voltage regulator.
TEMAPS406	THE NEW CONTROL SCHEME FOR THE PV AND WIND HYBRID SYSTEM
TEMAT 0400	CONNECTED TO THE SINGLE PHASE GRID
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to keep the power output
	constant if any variation in the input from the PV and wind system
	occurs, and the output voltage at the grid remains constant
TEMAPS187	VOLTAGE SAG ENHANCEMENT OF GRID CONNECTED HYBRID PV-WIND
12000	POWER SYSTEM USING BATTERY AND SMES BASED DYNAMIC VOLTAGE RESTORER
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to withstand and secure
	the effect of voltage fluctuation of grid connected hybrid PV-wind power system.
TEMAPS411,TEMAPS412, TEPGPS378,TEPGPS379	ENERGY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR SMALL SCALE HYBRID WIND SOLAR BATTERY BASED MICROGRID
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to obtain the reliability and balance the power in the Hybrid Wind Solar Battery Based Microgrid
TEPGPS510,TEPGPS511,	OPERATION OF HYBRID AC-DC MICROGRID WITH AN INTERLINKING
TEMAPS545,TEMAPS544	CONVERTER
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to the power quality of power sharing in both AC and DC sub grids.
TEMAPS432	DEVELOPMENT OF A HYBRID ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM (HESS) FOR ELECTRIC AND HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to examine the feasibility and capability of a Hybrid Energy Storage System (HESS), composed of
	battery and ultra-capacitor units, through simulation.

TEPGPS187, TEMAPS226	MULTIMODE OPERATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY, GRID, BATTERY AND DIESE GENERATOR SET BASED EV CHARGING STATION  Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide continuous charging and uninterruptable supply to the household loads. It will also regulate generator voltage and frequency, harmonics current compensation of non-linear loads and intentional reactive power.	
	compensation.	
TEMSPS434,	FUZZY CONTROLLER BASED GRID INTEGRATION OF HYBRID SOLAR	
TEMAPS435	PHOTOVOLTAIC AND DFIG WIND ENERGY SYSTEM TO IMPROVE POWER QUALITY Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power quality of the hybrid Photovoltaic (PV) and Doubly Fed Induction Generator (DFIG) based wind energy system.	
TEPGPS175,TEPGPS176,	A MICROGRID BASED ON WIND DRIVEN DFIG,DG & SOLAR PV ARRAY FOR	
TEPGPS177,TEMAPS214,	FUEL CONSUMPTION	
TEMAPS215,TEMAPS216	Objective: The main objective of this project is to control the power quality issues such as load unbalance compensation, harmonics compensation and reactive power compensation and extract the maximum power from the wind turbine.	

EEE POWER SYSTEMS IEEE TITLES – MICROGRIDS DOMAIN			
TEMAPS611,TEMAPE214, TEPGPS574,TEPGPE186	CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAY SYSTEM CONNECTED TO MICROGRID STATIONS Objective: The main objective of this project is to propose technoeconomic method for the energy storage by using Super capacitors in the train.		
TEMAPS546,TEMAPS547, TEPGPS513,TEPGPS512	MINIMIZING ENERGY STORAGE UTILIZATION IN A STAND-ALONE DC MICROGRID USING PHOTOVOLTAIC FLEXIBLE POWER CONTROL Objective: The main objective of this project is to regulate the DC link voltage of both BESS and PV system.		
TEPGPE168,TEPGPS519 TEMAPS553,TEMAPE194	POWER FACTOR COMPENSATION FOR A SINGLE-PHASE AC-DC HYBRID MICRO-GRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to power flow control strategy of a single-phase AC-DC Hybrid Microgrid		
TEMAPE164, TEMAPS479	RESEARCH ON THE CONTROL STRATEGY OF AC/DC INTERLINKING CONVERTERS IN ISLANDED HYBRID MICROGRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to maintain AC bus frequency and DC bus voltage stability and power bidirectional transmission.		

TEPGPS449,	MODELLING AND FAULT PROTECTION ANALYSIS OF A DC MICROGRID USING			
TEPGPE133	VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTER (VSC)			
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to power elec			
	devices like GTO to increase switch time. After designing a suitable error			
	detection.			
TEMAPS411,TEMAPS412,	ENERGY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR SMALL SCALE HYBRID WIND SOLAR			
TEPGPS378,TEPGPS379	BATTERY BASED MICROGRID			
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to balance the power in			
	solar-wind based hybrid energy storage system.			
TEMAPE154	SIMULATION AND FAULT DETECTION TECHNIQUES FOR MULTILEVEL			
	INVERTERS USED IN SMART GRIDS			
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to a number of			
	intelligent control systems for electricity generation as well as			
	increasing the system's energy efficiency.			
TEMAPS574, TEPGPS537	DYNAMIC AND TRANSIENT STATE ANALYSIS OF ISLANDED MICROGRID			
	Objective: The main objective of the proposed method is to implement			
	microgrid with the help of renewable energy sources and testing the			
	performance of the system under dynamic and transient states.			
TEPGPS335	DESIGN AND CONTROL OF MICRO-GRID FED BY RENEWABLE ENERGY			
TEMAPS375	GENERATING SOURCES			
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to design and control of			
	Micro-Grid fed by Renewable Energy Generating Sources			
TEMAPS492,	CONTROL OF SOLAR BATTERY STORAGE BASED MICRO GRID			
TEPGPS456	Objective: The main objective of this project is to eradicate the			
	utilization of fossil fuels and to promote the usage of renewable energy			
	resources, which are attaining more interest.			
TEPGPS403	GROUND FAULT ANALYSIS IN A MICROGRID SCENARIO			
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to analyze the ground			
	fault in a scenario of micro-grid.			
TEPGPS401	ESTIMATED DROOP CONTROL FOR PARALLEL CONNECTED VOLTAGE SOURCE			
	INVERTERS			
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to currently inverters with			
	different design techniques are being used as an interface between RES			
TED 0 D010 4	and main utility grid.			
TEPGPS194,	PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF SOLAR PV ARRAY AND BATTERY INTEGRATED			
TEMAPS233	UNIFIED POWER QUALITY CONDITIONER FOR MICROGRID SYSTEMS			
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the power			
	quality at the load side and supply side and regulate load voltages			
	while maintaining grid current sinusoidal and the power factor close to			
	unity.			

TEPGPS510,TEPGPS511, TEMAPS545,TEMAPS544	OPERATION OF HYBRID AC-DC MICRO GRID WITH AN INTERLINKING CONVERTER Objective: The main objective of this project is to the power quality of power sharing in both AC and DC sub grids.		
TEGPS131,TEGPS133, TEGPS134,TEMAPS174, TEMAPS175,TEMAPS176	SOLAR PV-BES BASED MICRO-GRID SYSTEM WITH MULTI-FUNCTIONAL VSC Objective: The main objective of this project is maximum power extraction from a PV Array, reactive power compensation, harmonics mitigation and balancing of grid currents.		
TEPGPS407	A MODIFIED Q -V DROOP CONTROL FOR ACCURATE REACTIVE POWER SHARING IN DISTRIBUTED GENERATION MICROGRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to reactive power sharing between dgs.		
TEPGPS125,TEPGPS126, TEPGPS127,TEPGPS128	DISTRIBUTED INCREMENTAL ADAPTIVE FILTER CONTROLLED GRID INTERACTIVE RESIDENTIAL PHOTOVOLTAIC-BATTERY BASED MICRO-GRID FOR RURAL ELECTRIFICATION  Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide continuous supply to the emergency loads, harmonics mitigation, load balancing and power factor improvement.		
TEMAPS426, TEPGPS398	AN ISLANDING DETECTION BASED ON DROOP CHARACTERISTIC FOR VIRTUAL SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR Objective: The main objective of this project is to realize the stable and autonomous operation of micro-grids using the virtual synchronous generator (VSG) concept under planned grid reconfigurations.		
TEPGPS374, TEPGPS375	AN ADAPTIVE POWER OSCILLATION DAMPING CONTROLLER FOR A HYBRID AC/DC MICRO GRID Objective: The main objective of this project is able to adjust the gain based on the frequency deviation and the ability to handle more non-linearity in the system dynamics		
TEPGPS399	POWER MANAGEMENT STRATEGY BASED ON ADAPTIVE NEURO FUZZY INFERENCE SYSTEM FOR AC MICROGRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to achieve MG power balance, decrease DG fossil fuel to minimum consumption and keep the MG voltage stability and finally tracking the maximum power point (MPP) of each RER.		
TEPGPE55, TEMAPE67	A UNIVERSAL CONTROLLER UNDER DIFFERENT OPERATING STATE FOR PARALLEL INVERTER WITH SEAMLESS TRANSFER CAPABILITY Objective: The main objective of this project is to implement a universal controller to operate parallel inverters in both grid-connected (GC) state and standalone (SA) state and to ensure seamless transfer between them without reconfiguring the control structure.		
TEMAPS484,	A NOVEL THREE-PHASE CLLC RESONANT DC-DC CONVERTER IN DC		

TEPGPS453	MICROGRIDS
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to achieve bidirectional
	power transmission between the DC microgrid and Electric-Vehicle.
TEPGPE56,	CASCADED DROOP AND INVERSE DROOP REGULATION FOR TWO-LAYER
TEMAPE68	COORDINATED POWER FLOW CONTROL IN SERIES-CONNECTED POWER
	CELLS
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to obtain the flexible
	power regulation in a fully voltage control manner.

EEE CONTROL S	SYSTEMS IEEE TITLES - CONTROL SYSTEMS DOMAIN				
TEMAPS599,TEMACS64,	SLIDING MODE CONTROL FOR GRID INTEGRATION OF WIND POWER SYSTEM BASED ON DIRECT DRIVE PMSG				
TEPGPS562,TEPGCS58	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide the dynamic				
	performance during low/high voltage conditions.				
TEMAPS605,TEMACS65,	, POWER AND CURRENT LIMITING STRATEGY BASED ON DROOP CONTRO				
TEPGPS568,TEPGCS59					
	GENERATION  Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the				
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the performance of grid connected distribution generations by employing				
	power and current limiting strategy.				
TEMAPS565,TEMAED147,	ENHANCED CONTROL AND POWER MANAGEMENT FOR A RENEWABLE				
TEPGPS530,TEPGED141,	ENERGY-BASED WATER PUMPING SYSTEM				
TEMAPS583,TEMACS61,	Objective: The main objective of this project is comprehensive dynamic				
TEPGPS546,TEPGCS55	analysis for a renewable energy based water pumping system.				
TEMAPS597,TEMACS63, TEPGCS57,TEPGPS560	DC BUS VOLTAGE CONTROL OF WIND POWER INVERTER BASED ON FIRST-				
TEPOC357,TEPOF3500	ORDER LADRC Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the stability of				
	the DC side voltage of the direct-drive permanent magnet wind power				
	grid-connected inverter by using First-Order LADRC.				
TEMACS67,	DESIGN AND CASCADE PI CONTROLLER-BASED ROBUST MODEL REFERENCE				
TEMAPE217,	ADAPTIVE CONTROL OF DC-DC BOOST CONVERTER				
TEPGCS61,	Objective: The main objective of this project is to track the desired signals				
TEPGPE189	and regulate the plant process variables in the most beneficial and optimized way without delay and overshoot.				
TEMACS60	APPLICATION OF PID CONTROLLER IN CONTROLLING REFRIGERATOR				
	TEMPERATURE				
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to analyze and compare				
	the performance between PID Controller and ON-OFF Controller in				
	maintaining the inner temperature of the refrigerator				
	APPLIANCES MODELING AND SIMULATION: A VIRTUAL PLATFORM APPLIED FOR				

TEMAPS407	ARC FAULT TESTING
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to calculate current and
	line voltage for the development of an arc fault detector.
	ADAPTIVE AND FUZZY PI CONTROLLERS DESIGN FOR FREQUENCY REGULATION
TEPGCS50	OF ISOLATED MICROGRID INTEGRATED WITH ELECTRIC VEHICLES
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is the development of electric
	vehicles and renewable energy sources are to build a sustainable and
	green power system.
	MODELLING AND CONTROLLER DESIGN FOR TEMPERATURE CONTROL OF
TEMSCS54	POWER PLANT HEAT EXCHANGER
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to is produce sustain wide
	range of temperature and pressure.
TEPGCS27,	A NEW HYBRID METHOD BASED ON FUZZY LOGIC FOR MAXIMUM POWER
TEMACS33	POINT TRACKING OF PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to track the maximum
	power point of PV to decrease computation power requirement, while
	increasing the speed and efficiency of the tracking.
TEMACS55	DYNAMIC STABILITY ENHANCEMENT OF POWER SYSTEM USING FUZZY LOGIC
	BASED POWER SYSTEM STABILIZER
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the Dynamic
	Stability of Power System using Fuzzy Logic Based Power System
TEN 4000E0	Stabilizer.
TEMSCS56	USE OF THE GENETIC ALGORITHM BASED FUZZY LOGIC CONTROLLER FOR
	LOAD FREQUENCY CONTROL IN A TWO AREA INTER CONNECTED POWER SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to control the load
TEMACS57	frequency of power systems.  MODEL PREDICTIVE CONTROL FOR FREQUENCY CONTROL OF SINGLE AREA
TLIVIAC307	NETWORK OF POWER SYSTEM {CONCEPT-BASED}
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to achieve a similar control
	effect with the reduced torque ripple.
	officer with the reduced torque rippie.

	EEE POWER ELECTRONICS IEEE TITLES	
S.NO	TITLE	DOMAIN
TEMAPE209,TEMAPE21	TWO-STAGE CONVERTER STANDALONE PV-BATTERY SYSTEM	DC - AC
0,	BASED ON VSG CONTROL	CONVERTE
TEMAPS589,TEPGPS5	Objective: The main objective of this project is to adjust the	RS
52,	inverter output and realize the maximum power of the PV	
TEPGPE181,TEPGPE182	scheme by using VSG controller.	
TEMAPE225,	A UNIFIED ACTIVE DAMPING FOR GRID AND CONVERTER CURRENT	AC-DC

TEPGPE197	FEEDBACK IN ACTIVE FRONT END CONVERTERS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce the switching harmonics and improve the system performance.	CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS579,TEMAPE2 06, TEMAPE207,TEPGPE17 8, TEPGPE179,TEPGPS54	SOLAR POWER GENERATION SYSTEM WITH POWER SMOOTHING FUNCTION Objective: The main objective of this project is to increase power efficiency and smoothens power fluctuations in the Solar Power generation system.	AC-DC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPE220,TEPGPE19 2	MODELING AND CONTROL OF SINGLE-STAGE QUADRATIC-BOOST SPLIT SOURCE INVERTERS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to develop the recently proposed Spilt-Source Inverter (SSI) topology for improving its boosting characteristics.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
CONCEPT-BASED	MULTI-PORT DC-AC CONVERTER WITH HELP OF BATTERY AND SOLAR	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS469	NANO GRID TECHNIQUES FOR FARMING RELIABLE & RESIDENTIAL GRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to maintain power management in Nano-grid.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS462	HYBRID WIND/PV/BATTERY ENERGY MANAGEMENT-BASED INTELLIGENT NON-INTEGER CONTROL FOR SMART DC-MICROGRID OF SMART UNIVERSITY Objective: The main objective of this project is to controlling the source-side converters (sscs) to extract the maximum power from the renewable energy sources (wind and PV) using the proposed IFO-PID.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEPGPE156, TEPGPS498, TEMAPE183, TEMAPS532	CONTROL OF A THREE-PHASE POWER CONVERTER CONNECTED TO UNBALANCED POWER GRID IN A NON-CARTESIAN OBLIQUE FRAME Objective: The main objective of the proposed method is, to avoid multiple transformations of positive and negative sequence of current, oscillatory terms and gives better results without overregulation.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPE158,TEMAPE15 9, TEPGPE130,TEPGPE131	MULTI-PORT DC-AC CONVERTER WITH DIFFERENTIAL POWER PROCESSING DC-DC CONVERTER AND FLEXIBLE POWER CONTROL FOR BATTERY ESS INTEGRATED PV SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to sustain the continuous power supply to the loads, energy storage systems (ESS), such as batteries, are usually integrated with PV systems.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS

TEMAPE175	ADVANCED PET CONTROL FOR VOLTAGE SAGS UNBALANCED	DC - AC
TEPGPE145	CONDITIONS USING PHASE-INDEPENDENT VSC RECTIFICATION Objective: The main objective of this project is to eliminate the harmonics balancing the currents and maintain the unity power factor	CONVERTE RS
TEPGPS443, TEPGPS444, TEMAPS473, TEMAPS474	IMPLEMENTATION OF FREQUENCY INTEGRATED MULTI ORDER GENERALIZED INTEGRATOR FOR SOLAR ENERGY SOURCED GRID Objective: The main objective of this project is to attenuate the higher-order and sub-order harmonic components from distorted load currents, even when the load currents are linear or nonlinear and balanced or unbalanced.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEPGPE146	HIGHLY RELIABLE SINGLE-PHASE AC TO THREE-PHASE AC CONVERTER WITH A SMALL LINK CAPACITOR Objective: The main objective of this project is highly reliable single-phase ac to three phase ac converter with a small link capacitor	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS499	STABILITY EVALUATION OF AC/DC HYBRID MICROGRIDS CONSIDERING BIDIRECTIONAL POWER FLOW THROUGH THE INTERLINKING CONVERTERS Objective: The objective of this paper is power flow direction on the small-signal stability of islanded droop-based hmgs.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEPGPE135, TEPGPE152, TEMAPE166, TEMAPE180	A SINGLE PHASE, SINGLE STAGE AC-DC MULTILEVEL LLC RESONANT CONVERTER WITH POWER FACTOR CORRECTION Objective: The main objective of this project is that converter uses bridgeless rectification scheme for better efficiency and the power factor.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPE156	A NEW THREE-PHASE MULTILEVEL DC-LINK INVERTER TOPOLOGY WITH REDUCED SWITCH COUNT FOR PHOTOVOLTAIC APPLICATIONS Objective: The main objective of this project is to a new MLI topology with reduced number of switches for photovoltaic applications.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEPGPE62, TEMAPE74	MULTIFUNCTION CONTROL STRATEGY FOR SINGLE-PHASE AC/DC POWER CONVERSION SYSTEMS WITH VOLTAGE SENSOR LESS POWER DECOUPLING FUNCTION Objective: The main objective of this project is to a novel voltage-sensor less controller for single-phase AC/DC power conversion systems with self-adaptive power decoupling function.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPE157	ADAPTIVE RESONANT ENERGY REALIZATION IN FB -ZCS-DC CONVERTER CIRCUIT USING DUAL CAPACITOR CIRCUIT Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve	DC – AC CONVERTE RS

	efficiency, power density, reduced switching noise and EMI	
	etc Over hard switched converters.	
TEMAPE56	A NOVEL SINGLE STAGE BUCK BOOST TRANSFORMER LESS INVERTER FOR 1 PHASE GRID CONNECTED SOLAR PV SYSTEMS Objective: the main objective of this paper is to eliminate the leakage currents and track the maximum power point even under the wide variation of input PV voltage.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS04,TEMAPS03, TEREPS19_02,TEREPS1 9_03,TEREPS19_04,TE MAPE05,TEMAPE06	GRID CONNECTED PV COGENERATION USING BACK TO BACK VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTERS  Objective: The main objective of this paper is simple and efficient for a grid-connected wind-photovoltaic (PV) cogeneration system.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPE155	Z-SOURCE INVERTER Objective: The main objective of this paper is an impedance- source power converter and its control method for implementing dc-to-ac, ac-to-dc, ac-to-ac, and dc-to-dc power conversion.	DC – AC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS602,TEMAPE21 1, TEPGPS565,TEPGPE18 3	BIDIRECTIONAL POWER CONTROL STRATEGY FOR SUPER CAPACITOR ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM BASED ON MMC DC-DC CONVERTER  Objective: The main objective of this project is to employ a bidirectional power control strategy for Super Capacitor Energy Storage System Based on MMC DC-DC Converter.	DC-DC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS577, TEMAPE204, TEPGPS540, TEPGPE176	A NOVEL AND HIGH-GAIN SWITCHED-CAPACITOR AND SWITCHED-INDUCTOR-BASED DC/DC BOOST CONVERTER WITH LOW INPUT CURRENT RIPPLE AND MITIGATED VOLTAGE STRESSES Objective: The main objective of this project is to obtain low input current ripples and mitigate the voltage stresses.	DC-DC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS611, TEMAPE214, TEPGPS574, TEPGPE186	CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAY SYSTEM CONNECTED TO MICROGRID STATIONS Objective: The main objective of this project is to propose techno-economic method for the energy storage by using Super capacitors in the train.	DC-DC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPE224, TEPGPE196	HIGH EFFICIENCY AND VOLTAGE CONVERSION RATIO BIDIRECTIONAL ISOLATED DC-DC CONVERTER FOR ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM  Objective: The main objective of this project is to attain high efficiency and voltage conversion ratio of a bidirectional isolated dc-dc converter for energy storage system.	DC-DC CONVERTE RS
TEMAPS579,TEMAPE2 06,	SOLAR POWER GENERATION SYSTEM WITH POWER SMOOTHING FUNCTION	DC-DC CONVERTE

TEMAPE207,TEPGPE17 8, TEPGPE179,TEPGPS54	Objective: The main objective of this project is to increase power efficiency and smoothens power fluctuations in the Solar Power generation system.	RS
2	,	
TEMACS67,TEMAPE217 , TEPGCS61,TEPGPE189	DESIGN AND CASCADE PI CONTROLLER-BASED ROBUST MODEL REFERENCE ADAPTIVE CONTROL OF DC-DC BOOST CONVERTER Objective: The main objective of this project is to track the	DC-DC CONVERTE RS
TEPOCSOI, TEPOPEIO	desired signals and regulate the plant process variables in the most beneficial and optimized way without delay and overshoot.	N3
TEMAPE209,TEMAPE21 0,	TWO-STAGE CONVERTER STANDALONE PV-BATTERY SYSTEM BASED ON VSG CONTROL	DC-DC CONVERTE
TEMAPS589,TEPGPS5 52, TEPGPE181,TEPGPE182	Objective: The main objective of this project is to adjust the inverter output and realize the maximum power of the PV scheme by using VSG controller.	RS
TEMAPE203	HIGH STEP-UP FULL BRIDGE DC-DC CONVERTER WITH MULTI-CELL DIODE-CAPACITOR NETWORK Objective: The main objective of the proposed method is to	DC-DC CONVERTE RS
	avoid inrush current issue and achieves almost zero output voltage ripples which reducing the inductance in output LC filter.	i.e
TEMAPE201 TEPGPE174	A LOSSLESS TURN-ON SNUBBER FOR REDUCING DIODE REVERSE RECOVERY LOSSES IN BIDIRECTIONAL BUCK/BOOST CONVERTER	DC-DC CONVERTE
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to introducing a reducing diode reverse recovery loss in bidirectional buck boost converter	RS
TEMAPE146, TEPGPE122	ANALYSIS, MODELING AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A SWITCHING BI- DIRECTIONAL BUCK-BOOST CONVERTER BASED ON ELECTRIC	DC – DC CONVERTE
	VEHICLE HYBRID ENERGY STORAGE FOR V2G SYSTEM Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the	RS
	stability of the hybrid energy storage system.	
TEPGPE68,	A NOVEL CASCADED CONTROL TO IMPROVE STABILITY AND	DC - DC
TEMAPE82	INERTIA OF PARALLEL BUCK-BOOST CONVERTERS IN DC MICROGRID	CONVERTE RS
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is a control strategy for dual-source buck buck-boost fused converter	
	(DSBBFC), utilizing two inputs of different dc levels.	
TEPGPE65,	REACTIVE POWER OPTIMIZATION CONTROL FOR BIDIRECTIONAL	DC - DC
TEMAPE78	DUAL-TANK RESONANT DC-DC CONVERTERS FOR FUEL CELLS SYSTEMS	CONVERTE RS
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to provide a new control scheme for reactive power optimization at a given	

	active power output.	
TEMAPS608,TEMAPS6	ENERGY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY OF AC/DC HYBRID MICRO GRID	AC-DC
09,	BASED ON SOLID-STATE TRANSFORMER	CONVERTE
TEMAPE213,	Objective: The main objective of the proposed method is to	RS
TEPGPS571,	avoid the voltage fluctuation and power mismatch by using	
TEPGPS572,TEPGPE18	AC/DC hybrid microgrid based on solid-state transformer.	
5		
TEPGPE168,TEPGPS519	POWER FACTOR COMPENSATION FOR A SINGLE-PHASE AC-DC	AC-DC
TEMAPS553,TEMAPE19	HYBRID MICRO-GRID	CONVERTE
4	Objective: The main objective of this project is to power flow	RS
	control strategy of a single-phase AC-DC Hybrid Microgrid	

EEE POWER ELECTRONICS IEEE TITLES – MULTILEVEL INVERTERS		
TEMAPS614,TEMAPE223, TEPGPS577,TEPGPE195	A GENERALIZED HIGH GAIN MULTILEVEL INVERTER FOR SMALL SCALE SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC APPLICATIONS	
TEI OI 3377,TEI OI EI33	Objective: The main objective of this project is to increase the low voltage levels of PV panels by using high gain dc-dc converters, which are also known as front-end converters.	
TEMAPE219, TEPGPE191	A NEW SINGLE-SOURCE NINE-LEVEL QUADRUPLE BOOST INVERTER (NQBI) FOR PV APPLICATION Objective: The main objective of this project is to evaluate the performance of the nine-level quadruple boost inverter (NQBI) topology.	
TEPGPE135,TEPGPE152, TEMAPE166,TEMAPE180	A SINGLE PHASE, SINGLE STAGE AC-DC MULTILEVEL LLC RESONANT CONVERTER WITH POWER FACTOR CORRECTION Objective: The main objective of this project is that converter uses bridgeless rectification scheme for better efficiency and the power factor.	
TEMAPE154	SIMULATION AND FAULT DETECTION TECHNIQUES FOR MULTILEVEL INVERTERS USED IN SMART GRIDS Objective: The main objective of this project is to a number of intelligent control systems for electricity generation as well as increasing the system's energy efficiency.	
	FUZZY LOGIC CONTROL FOR SOLAR PV FED MODULAR MULTILEVEL INVERTER TOWARDS MARINE WATER PUMPING APPLICATIONS Objective: The main objective of this project aims to control the Induction Motor (IM) drive using intelligent techniques towards marine water pumping applications.	
TEPGPS442, TEMAPS472	HIGH REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION ACCURACY FOR CASCADED H-BRIDGE INVERTER BASED DECOUPLING FEED-FORWARD CURRENT VECTOR CONTROLLER	

	Objective: The main objective of this project is to define a control scheme and its transfer function in order to achieve low switching frequency and high-bandwidth power control of MCHI.
TEMAPE154	SIMULATION AND FAULT DETECTION TECHNIQUES FOR MULTILEVEL INVERTERS USED IN SMART GRIDS Objective: The main objective of this paper is to a number of intelligent control systems for electricity generation as well as increasing the system's energy efficiency.
TEMAPS497, TEPGPS461, TEPGPE134	SIMULATION MODEL OF H6 TRANSFORMER LESS SINGLE PHASE FULL BRIDGE PV GRID TIED INVERTERS  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to implement the safety measures of leakage currents in transformer less inverters in photovoltaic generation.
TEPGED125,TEPGPE167, TEMAED129,TEMAPE193	A FAULT TOLERANT FIVE-LEVEL INVERTER TOPOLOGY WITH REDUCED COMPONENT COUNT FOR OPEN-END IM DRIVES  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to tolerate the faults and reduce the components count to run the drive applications without any interruptions.
TEPGPE127	SOLAR PV AND BATTERY STORAGE INTEGRATION USING A NEW CONFIGURATION OF A THREE-LEVEL NPC INVERTER WITH ADVANCED CONTROL STRATEGY Objective: The main objective of this paper is the novel configuration of a three-level neutral-point-clamped (NPC) inverter that can integrate solar photovoltaic (PV) with battery storage in a grid-connected system.
TEPGPE128	NOVEL CIRCUIT AND METHOD FOR FAULT RECONFIGURATION IN CASCADED H-BRIDGE MULTI-LEVEL INVERTERS Objective: The main objective of this paper is to use for fault reconfiguration in Cascaded H _ Bridge Multilevel Inverters
TEPGPE129	A NOVEL ASYMMETRICAL 21-LEVEL INVERTER FOR SOLAR PV ENERGY SYSTEM WITH REDUCED SWITCH COUNT Objective: The main objective of this paper is to presents a novel asymmetrical 21-level multilevel inverter topology for solar PV application.

EEE ELECTRICAL DRIVES IEEE TITLES – AC DRIVES DOMAIN		
TEMACS69,	SLIDING MODE PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL OF PERMANENT MAGNET	
TEMAED154,	SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR WITH CASCADED VARIABLE RATE SLIDING MODE	
TEPGCS63,	SPEED CONTROLLER	
TEPGED148	Objective: The main objective of this project is to propose a sliding mode	
	control scheme for a direct-drive PMSG based wind energy conversion	
	system	

TEMAED155, TEPGED149	TORQUE RIPPLE REDUCTION FOR BLDC PERMANENT MAGNET MOTOR DRIVE USING DC-LINK VOLTAGE AND CURRENT MODULATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce the torque ripple and improve the performance of the system by using DC-link voltage and current modulation.
TEMAPS565,TEMAED147,	ENHANCED CONTROL AND POWER MANAGEMENT FOR A RENEWABLE
TEPGPS530,TEPGED141,	ENERGY-BASED WATER PUMPING SYSTEM
TEMAPS583,TEMACS61,	Objective: The main objective of this Project Is Comprehensive Dynamic
TEPGPS546,TEPGCS55	Analysis For A Renewable Energy Based Water Pumping System.
TEPGED87,	BIDIRECTIONAL HARMONIC CURRENT CONTROL OF BRUSHLESS DOUBLY FED
TEMAED84	MOTOR DRIVE SYSTEM BASED ON A FRACTIONAL UNIDIRECTIONAL CONVERTER UNDER A WEAK GRID.
	Objective: The Main objective of this project is proposes the brushless
	doubly fed machine (BDFM) drive system based on a fractional
	unidirectional converter is a promising low-cost variable-speed drive
	system.
TEPGED88,	COMBINED SPEED AND CURRENT TERMINAL SLIDING MODE CONTROL WITH
TEMAED85	NONLINEAR DISTURBANCE OBSERVER FOR PMSM DRIVE.
	Objective: Main objective of this project aims to achieve the speed and
	current stabilizing control for a PMSM drive under different nonlinear
	disturbances.
TEMAPS565,	ENHANCED CONTROL AND POWER MANAGEMENT FOR A RENEWABLE
TEMAED147,	ENERGY-BASED WATER PUMPING SYSTEM
TEPGPS530,	Objective: The main objective of this project is comprehensive dynamic
TEPGED141	analysis for a renewable energy based water pumping system
TEPGPS441, TEMAPS467	GRID-CONNECTED INDUCTION MOTOR USING A FLOATING DC-LINK CONVERTER UNDER UNBALANCED VOLTAGE SAG.
TEIVIAI 0407	Objective: The main objective of the project is to eliminate unbalanced
	PW current, distorted CW current and oscillations of the PW active or
	reactive power were analyzed.
TEMAED97	INTEGRATED AC TO AC CONVERTERS FOR SINGLE-PHASE INPUT TO TWO-
I LIVIALDO/	PHASE OUTPUT MOTOR DRIVES
	Objective: The main objective of the project is an integrated ac/ac
	converter with a single-phase input and a two-phase output which
	reduces the switch count to six is proposed
TEMAED108.	SPEED CONTROL FOR SRM DRIVE SYSTEM BASED ON SWITCHING VARIABLE
TEPGED108	PROPORTIONAL DESATURATION PI REGULATOR
	Objective: The main objective of the project is superior in tracking
	performance, anti-disturbance performance and speed range.
TEMAED126,	ADAPTIVE SLIDING-MODE-BASED SPEED CONTROL IN FINITE CONTROL SET
TEPGED122	MODEL PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL FOR INDUCTION MOTORS
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	Objective: The main objective of the project is to improve the robustness of the Finite Control Set Model Predictive Torque Control for Induction Motors.
TEMAED122, TEPGED118	A NEW Δ-MRAS METHOD FOR MOTOR SPEED ESTIMATION Objective: The main objective of the project is to estimate the motor speed by utilizing the per-phase motor equivalent circuit.
TEMAED94, TEPGED96	ADAPTIVE HYBRID GENERALIZED INTEGRATOR BASED SMO FOR SOLAR PV ARRAY FED ENCODER LESS PMSM DRIVEN WATER PUMP.  Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to increase its accuracy, reliability of the PMSM using Adaptive Hybrid Generalized Integrator Based SMO.
TEMAED96	HIGH PERFORMANCE RELUCTANCE SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVE USING FIELD ORIENTED CONTROL Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to improve the performance of Reluctance Synchronous Motors (RSM) using Field Oriented Control.
TEMAED128, TEPGED124	IMPROVED NON-SINGULAR FAST TERMINAL SLIDING MODE CONTROL WITH DISTURBANCE OBSERVER FOR PMSM DRIVES Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to suppress the chattering phenomenon and improve tracking performance of the conventional non-singular fast terminal sliding mode control (NFTSMC).
TEMAED109 TEPGED109	AN IMPROVED TECHNIQUE FOR ENERGY-EFFICIENT STARTING AND OPERATING CONTROL OF SINGLE PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to enable the symmetrical and balanced operation of SPIM at all the operating points over the entire speed-range to improve its performance.
TEMAED123, TEPGED119	REAL-TIME IMPLEMENTATION OF EXTENDED KALMAN FILTER OBSERVER WITH IMPROVED SPEED ESTIMATION FOR SENSORLESS CONTROL Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is an investigation of on Improved Extended Kalman Filter (IEKF) to improve the IM sensorless control in motion control applications.
TEMAED100 TEPGED100	AN ENHANCED LINEAR ACTIVE DISTURBANCE REJECTION CONTROLLER FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE PMBLDCM DRIVE CONSIDERING IRON LOSS Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is The proposed algorithm involves an estimation of the total disturbance that aims to reduce design and execution complexity, particularly in the higher-order model.
TEMAED104 TEPGED104	CURRENT AND SPEED SENSOR FAULT DIAGNOSIS METHOD APPLIED TO INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE Objective: The Main Objective of this Project A simple control algorithm has been adopted to budget the power flow between the input sources. Finally, the operation of this converter has been verified through a low

	voltage prototype model.
TEMAED126,	MODEL PREDICTIVE CONTROL-BASED DIRECT TORQUE CONTROL FOR MATRIX
TEPGED122	CONVERTER-FED INDUCTION MOTOR WITH REDUCED TORQUE RIPPLE
	Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to achieve a similar control
	effect with the reduced torque ripple.
TEMAED138, EMAED139,	SENSOR LESS PREDICTIVE CONTROL OF SPMSM DRIVEN LIGHT EV DRIVE USING
TEPGED132, TEPGED133,	MODIFIED SPEED ADAPTIVE SUPER TWISTING SLIDING MODE OBSERVER WITH
TEPGED25, TEMAED24	MAF-PLL
	Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to improve the reliability
	and reduce the cost of an Electric Vehicle for achieving a smooth and
	successful wide speed range using sensorless control.
TEMAED142, TEMACS59,	DEVELOPMENT OF DOUBLE CLOSED LOOP VECTOR CONTROL USING MODEL
TEPGED136, TEPGCS53	PREDICTIVE CONTROL FOR PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR
	Objective: The Main Objective of this Project is to get better dynamic
	response by tracking the current and resisting the load disturbance.
TEPGPS472	PEAK CURRENT DETECTION STARTING BASED POSITION SENSOR LESS
	CONTROL OF BLDC MOTOR DRIVE FOR PV ARRAY FED IRRIGATION PUMP.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to start the permanent
	magnet brushless direct current (PMBLDC) motor with exact
	commutation using position sensor less control mode.
TEMAED145	DIRECT INSTANTANEOUS TORQUE CONTROL OF THE SWITCHED RELUCTANCE
TEPGED139	MOTOR FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES APPLICATIONS USING FUZZY LOGIC CONTROL
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the motor
	performance and reduce the torque ripples compared to other
	techniques such as Direct Instantaneous Torque Control
TEMAED101	A NOVEL DC-LINK VOLTAGE FEEDBACK ACTIVE DAMPING CONTROL METHOD
TEPGED101	FOR IPMSM DRIVES WITH SMALL DC-LINK CAPACITORS
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce the digital
	control delay and improve the damping current precision.
TEPGPS497	ANALYSIS OF FRACTIONAL ORDER SLIDING MODE CONTROL IN A D-STATCOM
TEMAPS537	INTEGRATED POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
TEPGPS463	Objective: To reduce total harmonic distortion (THD) and voltage
TEMAPS498	unbalance factor (VUF) of the grid voltage due to disturbances like the voltage fluctuations.
TEPGED40,TEMAED38	PASSIVITY-BASED MODEL PREDICTIVE CONTROL OF THREE-LEVEL INVERTER-
TEFOLD40,TEMALD30	FED INDUCTION MOTOR
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improving the
	robustness under the condition of unavoidable measuring noises and
	parameter variation as well as reducing the computational burden.
TEMAPS405,TEMAED72,	SENSOR LESS FIELD ORIENTED SMCC BASED INTEGRAL SLIDING MODE FOR

Objective: The main objective of this paper is to regulate the DC link voltage, induction motor power and speed of the motor.  TEMAED75, HYSTERESIS CONTROLLED QUASI Z-SOURCEINVERTER FED INDUCTION MOTORDRIVESYSTEM WITH ENHANCED RESPONSE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to develop-a-closed-loop-controlled-QZSI-fed induction-motor-framework that provides a steady-rotor-speed.  TEMAED74, STATOR RESISTANCE ESTIMATION USING DC INJECTION WITH REDUCED TORQUE RIPPLE IN INDUCTION MOTOR SENSOR LESS DRIVES Objective: The main objective of this paper is to reduce torque ripples in the induction motor.  TEMAED73, DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL BRAKING TORQUE LIMIT TRAJECTORY FOR REGENERATIVE BRAKING IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES WITH PMSM DRIVE SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the regenerative braking of electric vehicles based on a regenerative power analysis, an electrical braking torque limit trajectory is proposed  TEPGED25, SENSOR LESS PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL OF PMSM EV DRIVE USING DSOGI-FILL BASED SLIDING MODE OBSERVER Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGED115, AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144, MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HE SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR	TEPGPS373,TEPGED76	SOLAR PV BASED INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE FOR WATER PUMPING
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SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the regenerative braking of electric vehicles based on a regenerative power analysis, an electrical braking torque limit trajectory is proposed  TEPGED25, SENSOR LESS PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL OF PMSM EV DRIVE USING DSOGI-FLI BASED SLIDING MODE OBSERVER Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGED115, AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144, MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TEMAED73,	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL BRAKING TORQUE LIMIT TRAJECTORY
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braking of electric vehicles based on a regenerative power analysis, an electrical braking torque limit trajectory is proposed  TEPGED25,  SENSOR LESS PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL OF PMSM EV DRIVE USING DSOGI-FILL BASED SLIDING MODE OBSERVER Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGED115,  AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144,  TEPGED138  AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		SYSTEMS
electrical braking torque limit trajectory is proposed  TEPGED25, SENSOR LESS PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL OF PMSM EV DRIVE USING  DSOGI-FLL BASED SLIDING MODE OBSERVER Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGED115, AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144, MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the regenerative
TEPGED25, TENAED24  SENSOR LESS PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL OF PMSM EV DRIVE USING DSOGI-FLL BASED SLIDING MODE OBSERVER Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGED115, AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144, MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		braking of electric vehicles based on a regenerative power analysis, an
DSOGI-FIL BASED SLIDING MODE OBSERVER Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGEDII5, AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAEDI44, MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		electrical braking torque limit trajectory is proposed
Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGEDI15,  AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAEDI44,  MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TEPGED25,	SENSOR LESS PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL OF PMSM EV DRIVE USING
harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGED115,  AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS  Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144,  MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TENAED24	DSOGI-FLL BASED SLIDING MODE OBSERVER
dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGEDI15,  AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS  Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144,  MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate lower order
proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGEDI15,  AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS  Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144,  MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		harmonics, DC offset, saturation, a sliding mode observer (SMO) with a
(PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.  TEPGEDI15, AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144, MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault- tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		dual second order generalized integrator frequency locked loop is
TEPGEDI15, TEMAEDI19  AN EFFECTIVE PREDICTIVE TORQUE CONTROL SCHEME FOR PMSM DRIVE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault- tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		proposed for a surface mounted Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor
TEMAEDI19  WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS  Objective: The main objective of this paper is eliminating the weighting factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAEDI44,  MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		(PMSM) based electric vehicle (EV) drive.
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factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144,  MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS  Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TEMAED119	WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF WEIGHTING FACTORS
Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.  TEMAED144, MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		
TEMAED144, TEPGED138  AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		factors in Predictive Torque Control (PTC) method for two-level Voltage
AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79, SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		Source Inverter (VSI) fed Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor.
Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TEMAED144,	MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF SWITCHED RELUCTANCE GENERATOR FOR
the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF  SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault- tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TEPGED138	AIRCRAFT POWER SYSTEMS
TEMAED79,  SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF  SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault- tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		Objective: The main objective of this project is to modulate and simulate
SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault- tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		the Switched Reluctance Generator for aircraft applications.
Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TEMAED79,	SENSOR LESS CONTROL FOR FIVE-PHASE IPMSM DRIVES BY INJECTING HF
tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.	TEPGED83	SQUARE-WAVE VOLTAGE SIGNAL INTO THIRD HARMONIC SPACE
control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.		Objective: The main objective of this paper is to obtain further fault-
		tolerance, a new high frequency (HF) signal-injection-based sensorless
		control strategy for five-phase IPMSM drives.
TEPGPS151,TEPGED19, SINGLE STAGE AUTONOMOUS SOLAR WATER PUMPING SYSTEM USING PMSM	TEPGPS151,TEPGED19,	SINGLE STAGE AUTONOMOUS SOLAR WATER PUMPING SYSTEM USING PMSM
TEMAPS195,TEMAED18 DRIVE	TEMAPS195,TEMAED18	DRIVE

	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the torque response of the system, fast maximum power point tracking (MPPT) and eliminates the need of intermediate stage DC-DC converter.
TEMAED130,	AN APPROACH TOWARDS EXTREME FAST CHARGING STATION POWER
TEPGED126	DELIVERY FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES WITH PARTIAL POWER PROCESSING
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate redundant
	power conversion by making use of partial power rated dc-dc
	converters to charge the individual evs.
TEPGPS159,TEPGED20,	EMULATION OF WIND TURBINE SYSTEM USING VECTORCONTROLLED
TEMAPS202,TEMAED19	INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE
,	Objective: The main objective of this paper is using of feed forward
	compensation will reduce the disturbances in the torque, owing to its
	poor disturbance rejection capability
TEPGPE57,	CONTROL FOR POWER CONVERTER OF SMALL-SCALE SWITCHED
TEMAPE69	RELUCTANCE WIND POWER GENERATOR
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the utilization
	efficiency of small-scale wind power generation, by proposing a step
	control scheme.
TEMBMA3149,	PROTECTION OF THREE PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR USING EMBEDDED SYSTEM
TEMAED80	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to protect the three-phase
	induction motor using embedded System.
TEPGED120,	AN ADAPTIVE IDENTIFICATION OF ROTOR TIME CONSTANT FOR SPEED-
TEMAED124	SENSOR LESS INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVES: A CASE STUDY FOR SIX-PHASE INDUCTION MACHINE
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to provide a parallel
	estimation system of the rotor time constant and the rotor speed in
	sensor less IFOC of induction machine.
TEPGED28,	VARIABLE SPEED OPERATION OF BRUSHLESS DOUBLY-FED RELUCTANCE
TEMAED27	MACHINE DRIVE USING MODEL PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL TECHNIQUE
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to accomplish an accurate
	and fast drive control, model predictive control (MPC) is considered for
	variable speed operation of Brushless Doubly-Fed Reluctance Machine
	Drive.
TEPGED123,	MODEL PREDICTIVE DIRECT POWER CONTROL OF DOUBLY FED INDUCTION
TEMAED127,	GENERATORS UNDER BALANCED AND UNBALANCED NETWORK CONDITIONS
TEPGPS507,	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to control the power of high
TEMAPS541	performance DFIG under both balanced and unbalanced network.
TEPGED84	DEVELOPMENT OF AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE SYNCHRONOUS RELUCTANCE
	MOTOR DRIVE
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is the bilateral DC/DC
	converter is used as an interface between the battery and the motor
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	drive.
TEPGPS506, TEPGED116, TEMAPS540, TEMAED120 TEMAED81	DIRECT POWER CONTROL OF SHUNT ACTIVE POWER FILTER USING SPACE VECTOR MODULATION BASED ON SUPER TWISTING SLIDING MODE CONTROL Objective: The main objective of this paper is to compensate undesirable harmonic components caused by nonlinear loads.  BATTERY AND SUPER CAPACITOR FED BLDC MOTOR DRIVE FOR ELECTRICAL
TEMALDOI	VEHICLE APPLICATIONS  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to run an electrical vehicle with help of Battery & super capacitor. And the motor used in EV are BLDC motor
TEPGED28, TEMAED27	VARIABLE SPEED OPERATION OF BRUSHLESS DOUBLY-FED RELUCTANCE MACHINE DRIVE USING MODEL PREDICTIVE CURRENT CONTROL TECHNIQUE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to accomplish an accurate and fast drive control, model predictive control (MPC) is considered for variable speed operation of Brushless Doubly-Fed Reluctance Machine Drive.
TEPGED125,TEPGPE167, TEMAED129,TEMAPE193	A FAULT TOLERANT FIVE-LEVEL INVERTER TOPOLOGY WITH REDUCED COMPONENT COUNT FOR OPEN-END IM DRIVES Objective: The main objective of this paper is to tolerate the faults and reduce the components count to run the drive applications without any interruptions.
TEMAED82	AN IMPROVED DIRECT TORQUE CONTROL OF THREE LEVEL DUAL INVERTER FED OPEN-ENDED WINDING INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVE BASED ON MODIFIED LOOK-UP TABLE Objective: The main objective of this paper is to nullify flux instability at zero speed, proper active vvs are placed at hysteresis flux +1 and torque 0 condition in modified look-up table.
TEMAED152, TEPGED146	PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF DIRECT TORQUE CONTROL (DTC) FOR SYNCHRONOUS MACHINE PERMANENT MAGNET (PMSM) Objective: The main object of this project is direct torque control of permanent magnet synchronous machine.
TEPGPE70, TEMAPE84	CASCADED MULTILEVEL PV INVERTER WITH IMPROVED HARMONIC PERFORMANCE DURING POWER IMBALANCE BETWEEN POWER CELLS Objective: The main objective of this project is to mitigate voltage and current distortions by injecting power with lower voltage from the shaded cells without altering the PV voltage.
TEMAED30, TEPGED31	DIRECT INSTANTANEOUS TORQUE CONTROL OF THE SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTOR FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES APPLICATIONS USING FUZZY LOGIC CONTROL Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the motor performance and reduce the torque ripples compared to other

	techniques such as direct instantaneous torque control.
TEMAED83,	DYNAMIC IDENTIFICATION OF ROTOR MAGNETIC FLUX TORQUE AND ROTOR
TEPGED86	RESISTANCE OF INDUCTION MOTOR
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the efficiency
	of induction motor during parameter variations and to identify and
	control the rotor parameters.
TEPGED64,	SOLAR POWERED BRUSHLESS DC MOTOR FOR WATER PUMPING SYSTEM
TEMAED62,	Objective: The main objective of this project is to gain the maximum
TEPGED85	benefits from solar source along with also gives soft starting of BLDC
	motor.

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TEMAED156, TEPGED150	A NEW MULTI-OUTPUT DC-DC CONVERTER FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE APPLICATION Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce the cross regulation problems by using A New Multi-Output DC-DC Converter for Electric Vehicle Application
TEMAED157, TEPGED151	SOFT SWITCHING MULTIPHASE INTERLEAVED BOOST CONVERTER WITH HIGH VOLTAGE GAIN FOR EV APPLICATIONS Objective: The main objective of this project is to reduce the switching losses and improve the efficiency of the system by using Soft Switching Multiphase Interleaved Boost Converter with High Voltage Gain for EV.
TEPGED90, TEMAED87	BIDIRECTIONAL POWER FLOW CONTROL INTEGRATED WITH PULSE AND SINUSOIDAL-RIPPLE-CURRENT CHARGING STRATEGIES FOR THREE-PHASE GRID-TIED CONVERTERS.  Objective: The objective of this paper is to propose bidirectional charging/discharging strategies for three-phase grid-tied converters.
TEPGEDIII, TEMAEDII4,	VOLTAGE ORIENTED CONTROLLER BASED VIENNA RECTIFIER FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS
TEMAPE186, TEPGPE160	Objective: The objective of this paper is to ensure the good steady state performance and fast transient response of the Electric Vehicle Charging Stations by using Vienna Rectifiers.
TEMAED132,	CONSTANT CURRENT FUZZY LOGIC CONTROLLER FOR GRID CONNECTED
TEMAPS549, TEPGED128, TEPGPS515	ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING  Objective: The objective of this paper is to reduce the charging time of the Electric vehicle without any obstacles.
TEPGPE161 TEMAPE187	A MULTIFUNCTIONAL NON-ISOLATED DUAL INPUT DUAL OUTPUT CONVERTER FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE APPLICATION
TEMAEDII3 TEPGEDII0	Objective: The main objective of this project is to increase the efficiency by reducing switching losses and number of components.

TEMAED121,	ROBUST CONTROL OF WINDING-BASED DC-BUS CAPACITOR DISCHARGE FOR
TEPGED117	PMSM DRIVES IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES
	Objective: The objective of this paper is to discharging the dc-bus
	capacitor voltage to safe voltage in the electric vehicles (evs) based PMSM
	drive system when evs encounter an emergency such as a crash even.
TEMAPS554,	ENERGY MANAGEMENT AND OPTIMIZATION OF VEHICLE-TO-GRID SYSTEMS FOR
TEMAED134,	WIND POWER INTEGRATION
TEPGPS520,	Objective: The objective of this paper is energy management between
TEPGED130	Electric Vehicle to grid system for wind power integration
TEMAED137,	WIRELESS ELECTRIC VEHICLE BATTERY CHARGING SYSTEM USING PV ARRAY
TEMAPS557	Objective: The objective of this paper is helps in identifying the operating
	frequency at which the resonance with unity voltage gain is achieved
	irrespective of load variations in Series-Series wireless power transmission
TENANEDIAI	systems.  ANALYSIS OF BIDIRECTIONAL DC-DC CONVERTER WITH WIDE VOLTAGE GAIN
TEMAED141,	FOR CHARGING OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE
TEMAPE198, TEPGED135,	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide high output
TEPGPE171	voltage for bidirectional dc-dc converter for charging of an Electric
TEFOFEI/I	Vehicle.
TEMAED146,	OFF-BOARD ELECTRIC VEHICLE BATTERY CHARGER USING PV ARRAY
TEPGED140	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide continuous power
	supply to charge the off board electric vehicle using PV array.
TEPGED91,	SOLAR POWERED UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE WITH ACTIVE OUTPUT FILTER
TEMAED88	UNDER NON-LINEAR LOAD CONDITIONS.
	Objective: The objective of this paper is to propose Active Output Filter
	system AOF reduces the size and weight of the power transmission system
	while significantly improving its conversion efficiency.
TEMAEDIII,	ADAPTIVE CURRENT CONTROL FOR A BI-DIRECTIONAL INTERLEAVED EV
TEPGED92	CHARGER WITH DISTURBANCE REJECTION.
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to maintain the stability, as
	well as the convergence of the controller
TEMAED90,TEPGED93	REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION USING VEHICLE-TO GRID ENABLED
	BIDIRECTIONAL OFF-BOARD EV BATTERY CHARGER
	Objective: The main objective of this project is designed to provide reactive
	power compensation to the grid. However, to achieve uninterruptible
	reactive power compensation, the DC link voltage is regulated by EV batteries that affect its life. Moreover, it goes under more charging and
	discharging cycles that reduce battery life.
TEMAPE202,	A New Structure of Bidirectional DC-DC Converter for Electric Vehicle
TEMAED149,	Applications
TEPGPE175,TEPGED143	Objective: The main objective of this project is to develop a new structure
	a signature of the project to to develop a new attactare

	of bidirectional DC-DC Converter for Electric Vehicle applications.
TEPGED142	AN ON-BOARD CHARGER INTEGRATED POWER CONVERTER FOR EV SWITCHED
TEI OLDI42	RELUCTANCE MOTOR DRIVES
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the overall
TENANDELAC	performance of the SRM drive of the Electric Vehicle
TEMAPE146,	ANALYSIS, MODELING AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A SWITCHING BI-DIRECTIONAL
TEPGPE122	BUCK-BOOST CONVERTER BASED ON ELECTRIC VEHICLE HYBRID ENERGY
	STORAGE FOR V2G SYSTEM
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to improve the stability of
TENANED142	the hybrid battery energy storage system.
TEMAED143,	ELECTRICAL DESIGN OF A PHOTOVOLTAIC-GRID SYSTEM FOR ELECTRIC
TEPGED137	VEHICLES CHARGING STATION
	Objective: The main objective of this project is to provide continuous power
	supply to the charging stations without any power interruptions in the
TEN 44 DO 407	system.
TEMAPS427,	AN IMPLEMENTATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY BASED MULTIFUNCTIONAL EV
TEPGPS400	CHARGER
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to achieve Unity Power Factor
	(UPF) operation and Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of the grid current
TEN 44 DO 400	within 5 percent.
TEMAPS432	DEVELOPMENT OF A HYBRID ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM(HESS) FOR ELECTRIC
	AND HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLE
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to examine the feasibility and
	capability of a Hybrid Energy Storage System (HESS), composed of battery
TEDODC107	and ultra-capacitor units, through simulation.
TEPGPS187,	MULTIMODE OPERATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY, GRID, BATTERY AND DIESEL
TEMAPS226	GENERATOR SET BASED EV CHARGING STATION.
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to provide continuous
	charging and uninterruptable supply to house loads. It will also regulate
	generator voltage and frequency, harmonic current compensation of non-
TENANEDIOI	linear loads and intentional reactive power compensation.
TEMAED131,	VEHICLE-TO-GRID ANCILLARY SERVICES USING SOLAR POWERED ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATIONS
TEPGED127,	
TEMAPS548,	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to enhance the better
TEPGPS514	dynamic response of motor with less harmonic distortions and torque fluctuations.
TEDCED94	
TEPGED84	DEVELOPMENT OF AN ELECTRIC VEHICLE SYNCHRONOUS RELUCTANCE MOTOR DRIVE
	Objective: The main objective of this paper is the bilateral DC/DC converter
	is used as an interface between the battery and the motor drive.
TEPGPS187,	MULTIMODE OPERATION OF SOLAR PV ARRAY, GRID, BATTERY AND DIESEL
TEMAPS226	GENERATOR SET BASED EV CHARGING STATION
ILIVIAI JZZU	OLIVERATOR SET BASED EV CHAROINO STATION

	Objective: The main objective of this paper is to provide continuous charging and uninterruptable supply to house loads. It will also regulate generator voltage and frequency, harmonic current compensation of non-linear loads and intentional reactive power compensation.
TEMAED133, TEPGED129	HIGH EFFICIENCY BRIDGELESS SINGLE-POWER-CONVERSION BATTERY CHARGER FOR LIGHT ELECTRIC VEHICLES  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to reduce the conduction losses associated with the input diode rectifier and reduces the reverse-recovery losses of the output diodes by providing zero-current switching.
TEPGPS408	A MULTIFUNCTIONAL SOLAR PV AND GRID BASED ON BOARD CONVERTER FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES Objective: The main objective of this paper is to charge of plug-in electric vehicles using dual power sources (grid and solar PV).
TEMAED93, TEPGED95	A NOVEL SINGLE PHASE BIDIRECTIONAL ELECTRIC DRIVE RECONSTRUCTED ONBOARD FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES Objective: The main objective of this paper is to reconstructed converter is simple without specially designed motor.
TEMAED130, TEPGED126	AN APPROACH TOWARDS EXTREME FAST CHARGING STATION POWER DELIVERY FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES WITH PARTIAL POWER PROCESSING Objective: The main objective of this paper is to eliminate redundant power conversion by making use of partial power rated dc-dc converters to charge the individual evs.
TEMAPE160	AN EFFECTIVE INDUCTIVE POWER TRANSFER TOPOLOGY FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE BATTERY CHARGING Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the zero-voltage zero-current switching (ZVZCS) IPT topology and its switching pattern.
TEPGPS178, TEMAPS217	DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF MODIFIED BL LUO CONVERTER FOR PQ IMPROVEMENT IN EV CHARGER  Objective: The main objective of this paper is to improve the power quality by eliminating the input bridge and reducing the THD.

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